

# **Weekly Market Review**

December 2, 2016

#### **Chart of the Week**



## **Weekly Highlights**

- Stock prices were slightly lower. The market's sharp rally following the election took a breather this week, as investors considered today's employment data and the prospect of a rate hike by the Federal Reserve (Fed) at its upcoming meeting. Today's release of November employment data showed job growth of 178,000, roughly in line with expectations. The unemployment rate dropped to 4.6%, a cyclical low. The level of job growth should support a Fed decision to hike the fed funds rate.
- U.S. Treasury yields were higher, reaching their highest level since June 2015 on expectations of accelerating growth. Prices of U.S. Treasuries in November suffered their worst monthly decline since 2009.
- **Commodity indices jumped,** as energy prices surged on news that OPEC will cut production.

### **Talking Points**

- Among equities, small caps underperformed large caps; value stocks outperformed growth stocks, and domestic stocks slightly underperformed international equities.
   Developed markets outperformed emerging markets.
- Treasury prices were lower. The yield on the 10-year T-note rose in advance of a potential rate hike.
- Commodity indices rallied, as energy prices surged.
- The dollar was lower against a basket of six major currencies.
- Among economic data released, employers added 178,000 jobs in November, in line with expectations; the unemployment rate declined to 4.6% from 4.9%; the latest estimate of third-quarter real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) came in at 3.2%, beating forecasts; an index of manufacturing services rose; a measure of existing home sales rose; and initial jobless claims were modestly higher.

### **Market Dashboard**

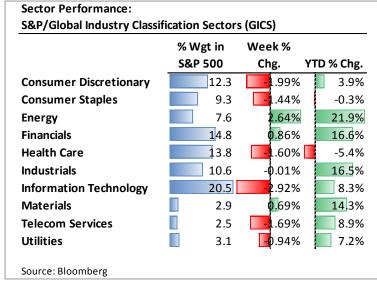
	Last Price	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
S&P 500	2,191.95	-21.40	-0.97%	7.2%
Dow Industrials	19,170.42	18.28	0.10%	10.0%
Nasdaq	5,255.65	-143.27	-2.65%	5.0%
Russell 2000	1,314.25	-32.95	-2.45%	15.7%
Euro Stoxx Index	339.36	-3.09	-0.90%	-7.2%
Shanghai Composite	3,243.84	-18.09	-0.55%	-8.3%
Russell Global	1,723.34	-11.12	-0.64%	3.9%

Source: Bloomberg; Index % change is based on price.

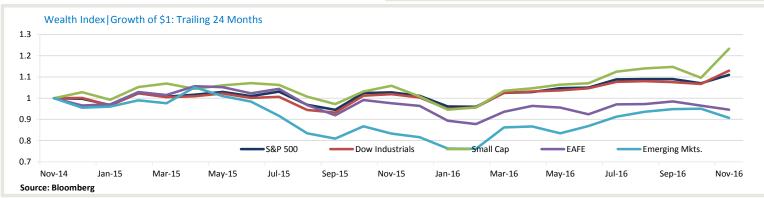
	Last Price	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Russell Global EM	2,718.13	9.43	0.35%	7.1%
10-Year US Treas.	2.39	2 bps	NM	NM
DJ UBS Comm. ldx.	87.04	2.01	2.36%	10.8%
Gold	\$1,177.29	-\$7.82	-0.66%	10.8%
Crude Oil	\$51.60	\$5.51	11.96%	16.6%
Dollar Index	100.66	-0.83	-0.82%	2.1%
VIX Index	14.12	1.78	14.42%	-22.5%

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	One Week	ζ		YTD	
Value		Growth	Value		Growth
-0.09%	-0.93%	-1.74%	10.27%	6.35%	2.80%
-0.17%	-1.24%	-2.53%	15.54%	10.25%	4.72%
-1.19%	-2.45%	-3.78%	24.00%	15.70%	7.69%
Source: B	loomberg				







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## The Economy and Markets

#### A Macro View - November Monthly Recap

Domestic equity markets surged in November, as investors anticipated an injection of economic growth with the election of Donald Trump. Markets had been volatile leading up to the election, amid uncertainty about the outcome of the race. Prior to the election, many market analysts had speculated that if Trump won, the equity markets would drop, as his election would represent a change in the status quo. Investors also gained greater clarity on the likelihood that the Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) would raise the fed funds rate at its upcoming December meeting. The employment situation continued to be a positive, as employers added 178,000 jobs. The consensus among economists and analysts is that the FOMC will move to raise rates at its meeting in two weeks, an outcome also anticipated by the futures market, which is currently implying a 100% probability of a rate hike.

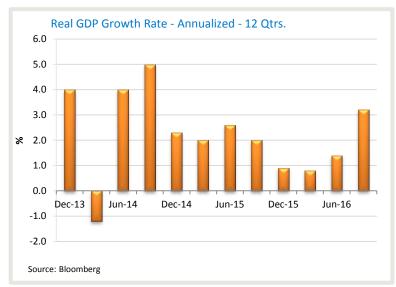
Within this context, broad market indices were mostly higher during the month. The S&P 500 gained +3.7%, and is now up +9.8% year-to-date. The Dow Jones Industrial Average (DJIA) also advanced, delivering a gain of +5.9%. The tech-heavy Nasdaq Composite Index rose by +2.8%, and is now up +7.6% so far year-to-date. The Russell 2000 Index of small cap stocks far outperformed the Russell 1000 Index of large cap stocks. Value stocks outperformed growth stocks, and have outperformed by more than 900 basis points year-to-date. In terms of sectors, the top performers in the month were Financials, Industrials, and Energy, with returns of +13.9%, +8.9%, and +8.4%, respectively. Utilities, Consumer Staples, and Information Technology were the poorest performers, with returns of -5.4%, -4.3%, and -0.3%, respectively. Commodities were higher, posting a gain of +1.3%. REITs declined -1.4% in sympathy with the rise in interest rates.

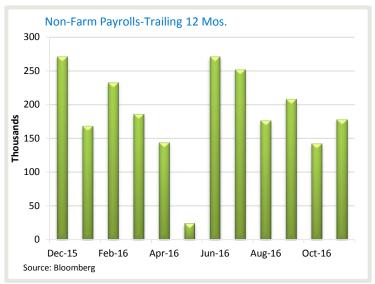
International equity markets, unlike domestic markets, were generally lower in November. Most regions, in both developed economies and emerging markets, had a difficult time. Some of the underperformance can be attributed to investor reaction to what they perceive will be Trump's "America first" trade policies. The MSCI World ex-U.S. Index declined by -1.6% for the month, and is now down -0.5% year-to-date through November. Emerging markets performed poorly, largely as a result of the potential for detrimental US trade policies, as well as the rise in interest rates. The MSCI Emerging Markets Index posted a loss of -4.6% for the month, and is now up +10.9% for the year to date. The MSCI EAFE Index, which measures developed markets performance, declined -2.0%. Regionally, Eastern Europe and the Pacific region ex-Japan were the best relative performers, with returns of +1.2% and -0.1%, respectively. Latin America and Asia were the poorest relative performers, with declines of -10.6% and -3.3%, respectively.

Fixed income markets suffered steep declines in November, as investors concluded that the FOMC would raise rates in December. In addition, some of the losses may be attributed to investors beginning to rotate assets out of bonds and into equities. The November employment report should provide support for an interest rate hike by the FOMC this month. The yield curve steepened substantially, as yields on intermediate- and long-term maturities rose more than those on short-term maturities. Within this environment, the yield on the 10-year U.S. Treasury note ended the month at 2.38%, up 55 basis points from the 1.83% level of October 31. Performance of broad-based fixed income indices suffered in November, with the Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index declining -2.4% for the month. Global fixed income markets performed worse, with the Barclays Global Aggregate ex-U.S. Index dropping -5.3%. Intermediate-term corporate bonds also fell, as the Barclays U.S. Corporate 5-10 Year Index declined by -2.9%. The Barclays U.S. Corporate High Yield Index eased by -0.5%. Municipals performed poorly, declining by -3.7% for November.

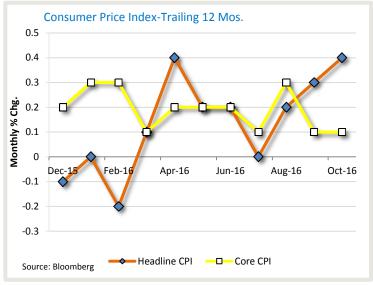
Brandon Thomas
Chief Investment Officer

### **Economic Data**













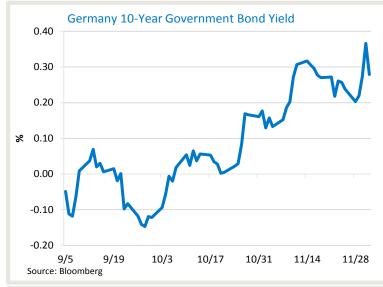
### **Eurozone**

#### SELECTED EUROPEAN SOVEREIGN YIELD PERFORMANCE

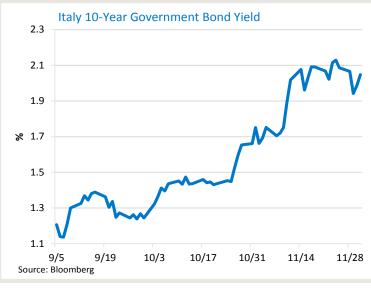
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Germany 10-Yr. Govt.	0.28	-4 bps	NM	NM
Greece 10-Yr. Govt.	6.44	27 bps	NM	NM
Italy 10-Yr. Govt.	1.90	16 bps	NM	NM
Spain 10-Yr. Govt.	1.54	3 bps	NM	NM
Belgium 10-Yr. Govt.	0.61	5 bps	NM	NM

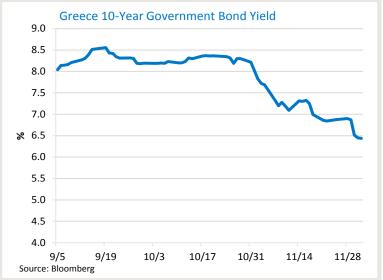
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
France 10-Yr. Govt.	0.72	7 bps	NM	NM
Ireland 10-Yr. Govt.	0.82	8 bps	NM	NM
Portugal 10-Yr. Govt.	3.68	-7 bps	NM	NM
Netherlands 10-Yr. Govt.	0.42	-1 bps	NM	NM
U.K. 10-Yr. Govt.	1.38	3 bps	NM	NM

Source: Bloomberg Basis points (bps)









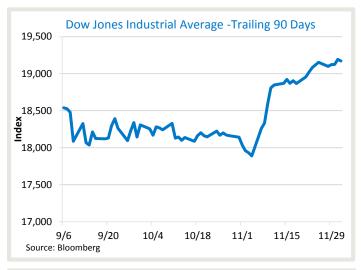
# **Equities**

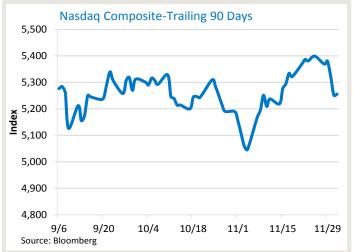
#### **WORLD MARKET PERFORMANCE**

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
S&P 500	2,191.95	-21.40	-0.97%	7.24%
Dow Industrials	19,170.42	18.28	0.10%	10.02%
Nasdaq Composite	5,255.65	-143.27	-2.65%	4.96%
Russell Global	1,723.34	-11.12	-0.64%	3.9%
Russell Global EM	2,718.13	9.43	0.35%	7.1%
S&P/TSX (Canada)	15,052.52	-22.92	-0.15%	15.70%
Mexico IPC	44,555.26	-802.59	-1.77%	3.67%
Brazil Bovespa	60,316.13	-1242.95	-2.02%	39.14%
Euro Stoxx 600	339.36	-3.09	-0.90%	-7.23%
FTSE 100	6,730.72	-110.03	-1.61%	7.82%
IBEX 35 (Spain)	8,607.10	-67.30	-0.78%	-9.82%

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Swiss Market Index	7,784.01	-97.52	-1.24%	-11.73%
CAC 40 Index (France)	4,528.82	-21.45	-0.47%	-2.33%
DAX Index (Germany)	10,513.35	-185.92	-1.74%	-2.14%
Irish Overall Index	6,174.46	-105.23	-1.68%	-9.09%
Nikkei 225	18,426.08	44.86	0.24%	-3.19%
Hang Seng Index	22,564.82	-158.63	-0.70%	2.97%
Shanghai Composite	3,243.84	-18.09	-0.55%	-8.34%
Kospi Index (S. Korea)	1,970.61	-3.85	-0.19%	0.47%
Taiwan Taiex Index	9,189.49	30.42	0.33%	10.21%
Tel Aviv 25 Index	1,438.25	-11.75	-0.81%	-5.92%
MICEX Index (Russia)	2,128.99	30.84	1.47%	20.87%

Source: Bloomberg; Index % change is based on price.









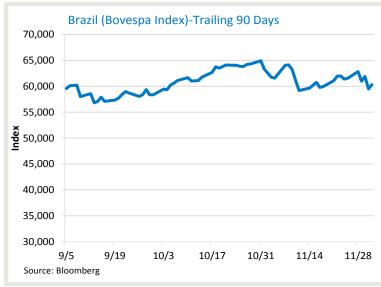
# **Equities – Emerging and Frontier Markets**

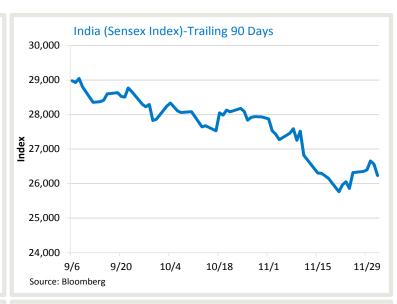
#### EMERGING AND FRONTIER MARKET PERFORMANCE

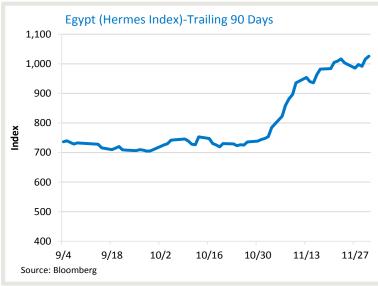
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Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
44,555.26	-802.59	-1.8%	3.7%
60,316.13	-1242.95	-2.0%	39.1%
2,128.99	30.84	1.5%	20.9%
887.20	-0.94	-0.1%	-7.2%
73,390.94	-972.52	-1.3%	2.3%
1,025.92	22.80	2.3%	62.7%
3,248.02	-17.87	-0.5%	-19.6%
7,093.66	296.91	4.4%	2.6%
1,223.20	-13.52	-1.1%	4.6%
523.00	-0.06	0.0%	-1.8%
	44,555.26 60,316.13 2,128.99 887.20 73,390.94 1,025.92 3,248.02 7,093.66 1,223.20	44,555.26     -802.59       60,316.13     -1242.95       2,128.99     30.84       887.20     -0.94       73,390.94     -972.52       1,025.92     22.80       3,248.02     -17.87       7,093.66     296.91       1,223.20     -13.52	44,555.26     -802.59     -1.8%       60,316.13     -1242.95     -2.0%       2,128.99     30.84     1.5%       887.20     -0.94     -0.1%       73,390.94     -972.52     -1.3%       1,025.92     22.80     2.3%       3,248.02     -17.87     -0.5%       7,093.66     296.91     4.4%       1,223.20     -13.52     -1.1%

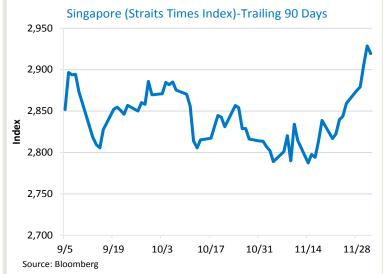
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Hang Seng Index	22,564.82	-158.63	-0.7%	3.0%
India (Sensex 30)	26,230.66	-85.68	-0.3%	0.4%
Malaysia (KLCI Index)	1,628.96	1.70	0.1%	-3.8%
Singapore (Straits Times Index)	2,919.37	60.04	2.1%	1.3%
Thailand (SET Index)	1,501.66	1.26	0.1%	16.6%
Indonesia (Jakarta)	5,245.96	123.85	2.4%	14.2%
Pakistan (Karachi KSE 100)	43,270.90	271.24	0.6%	31.9%
Vietnam (Ho Chi Minh)	665.14	-10.73	-1.6%	14.9%
Sri Lanka (Colombo)	6,325.57	73.45	1.2%	-8.3%
Cambodia (Laos)	1,028.48	14.05	1.4%	-12.4%

Source: Bloomberg; Index % change is based on price.









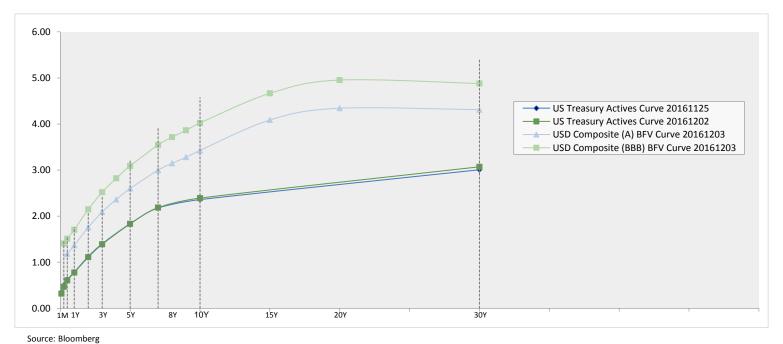
## **Interest Rates**

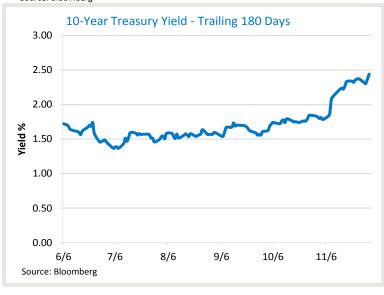
#### **SELECTED INTEREST RATES**

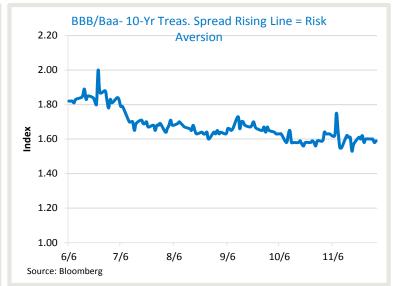
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
2-Yr. U.S. Treasury	1.11%	0 bps	NM	NM
5-Yr. U.S. Treasury	1.83%	-2 bps	NM	NM
10-Yr. U.S. Treasury	2.39%	2 bps	NM	NM
30-Yr. U.S. Treasury	3.06%	4 bps	NM	NM
German 10-Yr. Govt.	0.28%	-4 bps	NM	NM
France 10-Yr.	0.72%	7 bps	NM	NM
Italy 10-Yr.	1.90%	16 bps	NM	NM
Fed 5-Yr Fwd BE Inf.	1.96%	5 bps	NM	NM

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Prime Rate	3.50%	0.00	NM	NM
Fed Funds Rate	0.50%	0.00	NM	NM
Discount Rate	1.00%	0.00	NM	NM
LIBOR (3 Mo.)	0.94%	0 bps	NM	NM
Bond Buyer 40 Muni	4.59%	42 bps	NM	NM
Bond Buyer 40 G.O.	4.20%	NA	NM	NM
Bond Buyer 40 Rev.	4.25%	NA	NM	NM

Source: Bloomberg







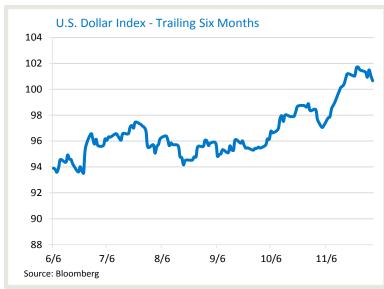
## **Currencies**

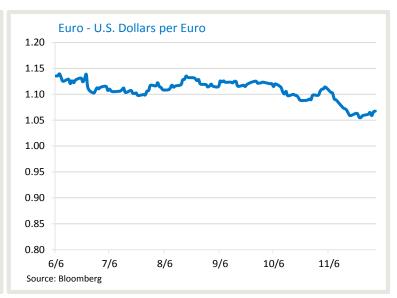
#### **SELECTED CURRENCY PERFORMANCE**

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Dollar Index	100.63	-0.830	-0.82%	2.06%
Euro	1.07	0.009	0.81%	-1.72%
Japanese Yen	113.55	0.340	-0.30%	5.86%
<b>British Pound</b>	1.27	0.026	2.08%	-13.57%
<b>Canadian Dollar</b>	1.33	-0.023	1.73%	4.14%

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %		
Chinese Yuan	6.88	-0.039	0.56%	-5.61%		
Swiss Franc	1.01	-0.004	0.43%	-0.76%		
<b>New Zealand Dollar</b>	0.71	0.010	1.36%	4.51%		
Brazilian Real	3.48	0.063	-1.81%	13.92%		
Mexican Peso	20.64	-0.029	0.14%	-16.57%		

Source: Bloomberg









Source: Bloomberg; % change is based on price.

## **Commodities**

#### SELECTED COMMODITY MARKET PERFORMANCE

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	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %						
Bloomberg Comm. ldx.	87.04	2.01	2.36%	10.80%						
Crude Oil	\$51.61	\$5.51	11.96%	16.65%						
Natural Gas	\$3.44	\$0.25	7.75%	20.13%						
Gasoline (\$/Gal.)	\$2.16	\$0.04	1.74%	8.32%						
Heating Oil	165.53	16.99	11.43%	20.87%						
<b>Gold Spot</b>	\$1,177.01	-\$7.82	-0.66%	10.80%						
Silver Spot	\$16.75	\$0.17	1.04%	20.62%						

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Platinum Spot	\$929.54	\$21.09	2.32%	4.24%
Corn	347.25	-11.00	-3.07%	-11.64%
Wheat	404.25	-15.25	-3.64%	-22.15%
Soybeans	1,027.50	-18.50	-1.77%	15.64%
Sugar	19.12	-0.72	-3.63%	26.62%
Orange Juice	220.65	4.20	1.94%	51.75%
Aluminum	1,722.00	-35.00	-1.99%	14.27%
Copper	5,791.00	-88.00	-1.50%	23.08%

Crude Oil - Light Crude (\$ per barrel)

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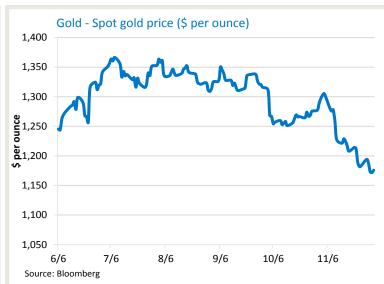
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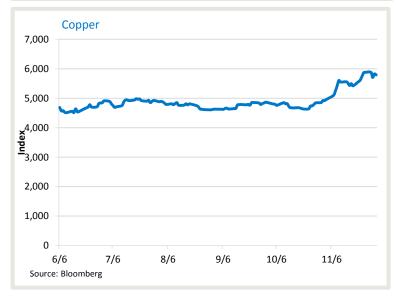
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6/6 7/6 8/6 9/6 10/6 11/6

Source: Bloomberg







### **Alternative Investments**

#### SELECTED ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENT INDEX PERFORMANCE

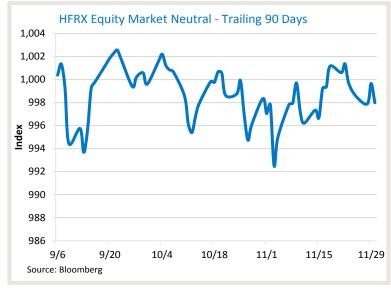
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
HFRX Global Hedge Fund Index	1193.24	0.50	0.04%	1.63%
HFRX Equity Market Neutral	997.98	-0.55	-0.06%	-4.05%
HFRX Equity Hedge Index	1153.39	0.29	0.03%	-0.08%
HFRX Event-Driven Index	1534.87	0.07	0.00%	8.99%
HFRX Absolute Return Index	1026.38	0.25	0.02%	0.10%

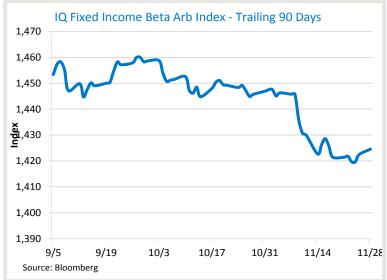
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
HFRX Distressed Index	1053.37	8.87	0.85%	17.53%
HFRX Merger Arbitrage Index	1799.11	-2.41	-0.13%	3.53%
HFRX Convertible Arbitrage Index	737.07	-0.17	-0.02%	4.97%
HFRX Macro CTA Index	1129.95	2.43	0.22%	-3.39%
IQ Fixed Income Beta Arb Index	1420.03	-2.44	-0.17%	2.37%

Source: Bloomberg; Index % change is based on price.

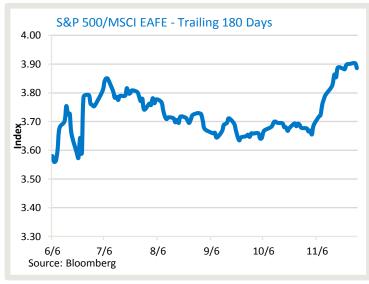


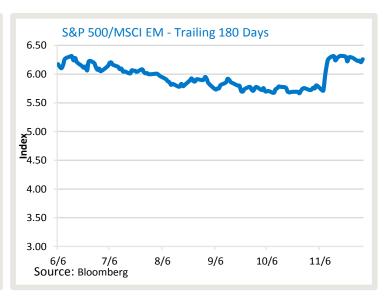


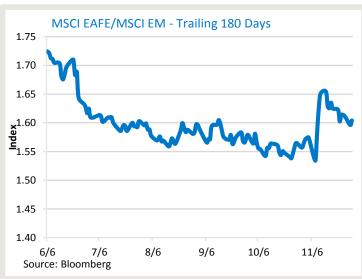




## **Portfolio Construction**



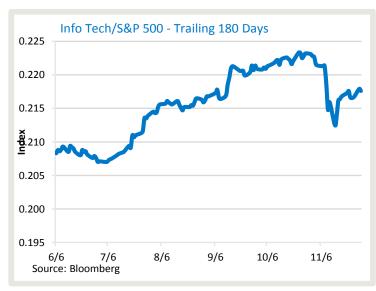


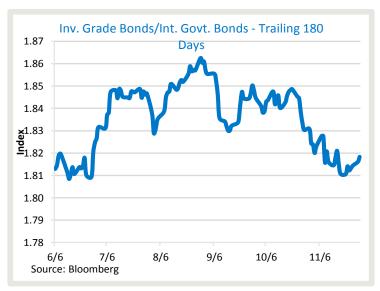


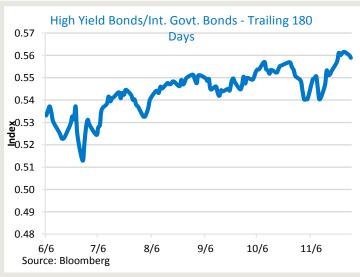


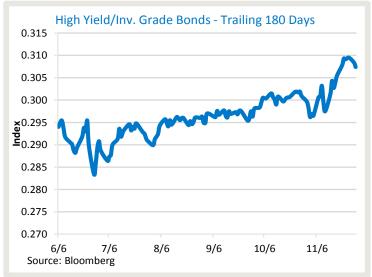


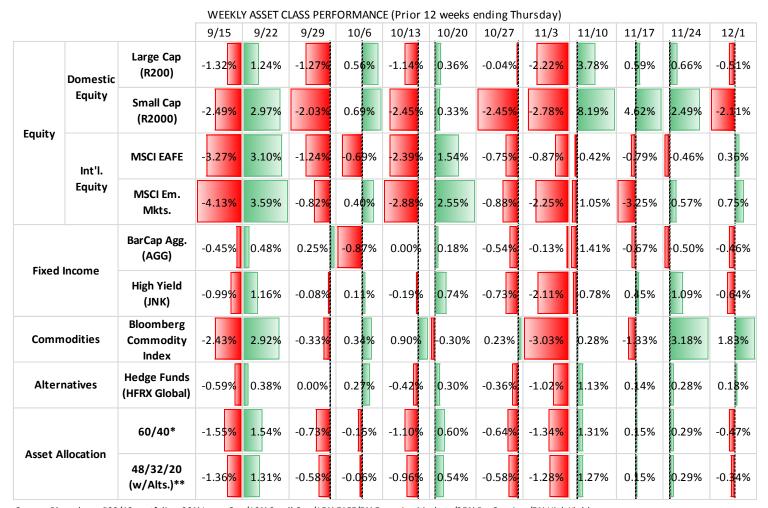
# **Portfolio Construction (continued)**











 $Source: Bloomberg; *60/40\ portfolio = 30\%\ Large\ Cap/10\%\ Small\ Cap/15\%\ EAFE/5\%\ Emerging\ Markets/35\%\ BarCap\ Agg./5\%\ High\ Yield.$ 

 $<sup>**48/32/20\</sup> portfolio = 24\%\ Large\ Cap/8\%\ Small\ Cap/12\%\ EAFE/4\%\ Emerging\ Markets/28\%\ BarCap\ Agg./4\%\ High\ Yield/20\%\ HFRX\ Global\ Index.$ 

	Large Cap Core	Large Cap Growth	Large Cap Value	Mid Cap Core	Mid Cap Growth	Mid Cap Value	Small Cap Core	Small Cap Growth	Small Cap Value	Int'l. Developed	Emerging Markets	REITs	Comm.	Int. Bond	High Yield
Large Cap Core	1.00	1.15	0.89	0.98	1.08	0.91	0.91	1.02	0.83	1.24	1.25	1.31	0.99	1.93	1.20
Large Cap Growth	0.87	1.00	0.77	0.85	0.94	0.79	0.79	0.88	0.72	1.08	1.09	1.14	0.86	1.67	1.04
Large Cap Value	1.13	1.30	1.00	1.10	1.22	1.03	1.03	1.15	0.93	1.40	1.41	1.48	1.11	2.17	1.35
Mid Cap Core	1.02	1.18	0.91	1.00	1.11	0.93	0.93	1.04	0.84	1.27	1.28	1.34	1.01	1.97	1.22
Mid Cap Growth	0.92	1.06	0.82	0.90	1.00	0.84	0.84	0.94	0.76	1.15	1.16	1.21	0.91	1.78	1.10
Mid Cap Value	1.10	1.27	0.97	1.07	1.19	1.00	1.00	1.12	0.91	1.36	1.38	1.44	1.08	2.12	1.31
Small Cap Core	1.09	1.26	0.97	1.07	1.19	1.00	1.00	1.12	0.90	1.36	1.37	1.43	1.08	2.11	1.31
Small Cap Growth	0.98	1.13	0.87	0.96	1.06	0.89	0.90	1.00	0.81	1.22	1.23	1.28	0.97	1.89	1.17
Small Cap Value	1.21	1.40	1.07	1.19	1.31	1.10	1.11	1.24	1.00	1.51	1.52	1.59	1.19	2.34	1.45
Int'l. Developed	0.80	0.93	0.71	0.79	0.87	0.73	0.74	0.82	0.66	1.00	1.01	1.05	0.79	1.55	0.96
Emerging Markets	0.80	0.92	0.71	0.78	0.86	0.73	0.73	0.81	0.66	0.99	1.00	1.04	0.79	1.54	0.95
REITs	0.76	0.88	0.68	0.75	0.83	0.70	0.70	0.78	0.63	0.95	0.96	1.00	0.75	1.47	0.91
Commodities	1.01	1.17	0.90	0.99	1.10	0.92	0.93	1.03	0.84	1.26	1.27	1.33	1.00	1.95	1.21
Int. Bond	0.52	0.60	0.46	0.51	0.56	0.47	0.47	0.53	0.43	0.64	0.65	0.68	0.51	1.00	0.62
High Yield	0.83	0.96	0.74	0.82	0.91	0.76	0.76	0.85	0.69	1.04	1.05	1.09	0.82	1.61	1.00

Source: Bloomberg

The Relative Strength Matrix provides an indication of how the various asset classes have performed relative to one another over the past 30 days. A number greater than 1.0 indicates that the asset class in the far left column has outperformed the corresponding asset class in the top row over the past 30 days. A number below 1.0 means the asset class on the left has underperformed the asset class at the top. The green shading indicates outperformance, and the red shading indicates underperformance.

#### **Index Overview & Key Definitions**

Fed, The Fed or FED refers to the Federal Reserve System, the central bank of the United States. The Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) is the monetary policymaking body of the Federal Reserve System. Fed Funds Rate, the interest rate at which a depository institution lends funds maintained at the Federal Reserve to another depository institution overnight. The European Central Bank (ECB) is the central bank for Europe's single currency, the euro. The ECB's main task is to maintain the euro's purchasing power and thus price stability in the euro area. The euro area comprises the 19 European Union countries that have introduced the euro since 1999. The Gross Domestic Product (GDP) rate is a measurement of the output of goods and services produced by labor and property located in the United States. Basis Point(s) is a unit that is equal to 1/100th of 1%, and is used to denote the change in a financial instrument. The basis point is commonly used for calculating changes in interest rates, equity indexes and the yield of a fixed-income security. A separately managed account (SMA) is an individual managed investment account offered typically by a brokerage firm through one of their brokers or financial consultants and managed by independent investment management firms (often called money managers for short) and have varying fee structures. The Consumer Price Index (CPI) measures the change in the cost of a fixed basket of products and services. The Producer Price Index (PPI) program measures the average change over time in the selling prices received by domestic producers for their output. The prices included in the PPI are from the first commercial transaction for many products and some services. Core CPI is an additional CPI Index, excludes energy and food item price changes, and measures the "core" or "underlying" rate of inflation. The PCE (Personal Consumption Expenditure) Index of Prices is a US--wide indicator of the average increase in prices for all domestic personal consumption. Using a variety of data i

The Dow Jones Industrial Average (DOW or DJIA) is an unmanaged index of 30 common stocks comprised of 30 actively traded blue chip stocks, primarily industrials and assumes reinvestment of dividends. The S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged index comprised of 500 widely held securities considered to be representative of the stock market in general. The S&P/Case-Shiller Home Price Indices measure the residential housing market, tracking changes in the value of the residential real estate market in 20 metropolitan regions across the United States. The Nasdag Composite Index is a stock market index of the common stocks and similar securities listed on the NASDAQ stock market. The US Dollar Index is a measure of the value of the United States dollar relative to a basket of foreign currencies. It is a weighted geometric mean of the dollar's value relative to other select currencies (Euro, Japanese yen, Pound sterling, Canadian dollar, Swedish krona (SEK) & Swiss franc). The Nikkei Index (Nikkei 225 or Nikkei) is a stock market index for the Tokyo Stock Exchange calculated daily by the Nihon Keizai Shimbun (Nikkei) newspaper since 1950. It is a price-weighted index (the unit is yen), and the components are reviewed once a year. The FTSE 100 Index (FTSE 100) is a share index of the 100 companies listed on the London Stock Exchange (LSE) with the highest market capitalization. The Bloomberg Commodity Index (formerly the Dow Jones-UBS Commodity Index) tracks prices of futures contracts on physical commodities on the commodity markets and is designed to minimize concentration in any one commodity or sector (currently 22 commodity futures in seven sectors). The Barclays Capital US Credit Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of publicly issued, SEC-registered US corporate and specified foreign debentures and secured notes. The Barclays Capital US Aggregate Bond Index is a market capitalization-weighted index of investment-grade, fixed-rate debt issues, including government, corporate, asset-backed, and mortgage-backed securities, with maturities of at least one year. The Barclays Capital US Corporate High Yield Index covers the USD-denominated, non-investment grade, fixed-rate, taxable corporate bond market. Securities are classified as high-yield if the middle rating of Moody's, Fitch and S&P is Ba1/BB+/BB+ or below. The index may include emerging market debt. The Barclays Capital Municipal Bond Index is an unmanaged index comprised of investment-grade, fixed-rate municipal securities representative of the tax-exempt bond market in general. The Barclays Capital US Treasury Total Return Index is an unmanaged index of public obligations of the US Treasury with a remaining maturity of one year or more. The Barclays Capital Global Aggregate ex-U.S. Index is a market capitalization-weighted index, meaning the securities in the index are weighted according to the market size of each bond type. Most U.S. traded investment grade bonds are represented. Municipal bonds, and Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities are excluded, due to tax treatment issues. The index includes Treasury securities, Government agency bonds, Mortgage-backed bonds, Corporate bonds, and a small amount of foreign bonds traded in U.S. The Barclays Capital U.S. 5-10 Year Corporate Bond Index measures the investment return of U.S. dollar denominated, investment-grade, fixed rate, taxable securities issued by industrial, utility, and financial companies with maturities between 5 and 10 years. Treasury securities, mortgage-backed securities (MBS) foreign bonds, government agency bonds and corporate bonds are some of the categories included in the index. The Barclays Capital U.S Corporate High-Yield Index is composed of fixed-rate, publicly issued, non-investment grade debt. The Barclays Capital U.S. Corporate 5-10 Year Index includes U.S. dollar-denominated, investment-grade, fixed-rate, taxable securities issued by industrial, utility, & financial companies, with maturities between 5 & 10 years. The DJ-UBS Commodity Index Total Return SM measures the collateralized returns from a basket of 19 commodity futures contracts representing the energy, precious metals, industrial metals, grains, softs and livestock sectors. The Russell 1000 Index is a market capitalization-weighted benchmark index made up of the 1000 largest U.S. companies in the Russell 3000 Index. The Russell 1000 Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of large-cap growth stocks. The Russell 1000 Value Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of large-cap value stocks. The Russell 2000 Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of small-cap stocks. The Russell 2000 Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of smallcap growth stocks. The Russell 2000 Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of small-cap value stocks. The Russell 3000 Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of the US stock market. The Russell Midcap Index is a subset of the Russell 1000 Index. It includes approximately 800 of the smallest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership. The Russell Midcap Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of mid-cap growth stocks. The Russell Midcap Value Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of mid-cap value stocks. The HFRX Indices are a series of benchmarks of hedge fund industry performance which are engineered to achieve representative performance of a larger universe of hedge fund strategies. Hedge Fund Research, Inc. employs the HFRX Methodology (UCITS compliant), a proprietary and highly quantitative process by which hedge funds are selected as constituents for the HFRX Indices. The University of Michigan Consumer Sentiment Index (MCSI) is a survey of consumer confidence conducted by the University of Michigan using telephone surveys to gather information on consumer expectations regarding the overall economy. The CBOE Volatility Index (VIX) is an up-to-the-minute market estimate of expected volatility that is calculated by using real-time S&P 500 Index option bid/ask quotes. The Index uses nearby and second nearby options with at least 8 days left to expiration and then weights them to yield a constant, 30-day measure of the expected volatility of the S&P 500 Index. The MSCI EAFE Index is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets outside of the U.S. & Canada. The MSCI EAFE Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of growth stocks of Europe, Australasia and the Far East. The MSCI EAFE Value Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of value stocks of Europe, Australasia and the Far East. The MSCI EM (Emerging Markets) Latin America Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of emerging markets in Latin America. The MSCI World ex-U.S. Index captures large and mid-cap representation across 22 of 23 Developed Markets (DM) countries - excluding the US. With 1,002 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in each country. The MSCI Japan Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid-cap segments of the Japanese market. With 320 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in Japan. The MSCI Emerging Markets Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure equity market performance in the global emerging markets. The MSCI Europe Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of stocks of developed European countries. The MSCI Pacific Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of the developed markets in the Pacific region. The Barclays Intermediate US Government/Credit Bond Index is a market capitalization-weighted index of investment-grade, fixed-rate debt issues, including Treasuries, government-related and U.S. corporate securities, with maturities of at least one year and less than 10 years. The Philadelphia Fed Manufacturing Index is a regional Federal Reserve Bank index measuring changes in business growth and is constructed from a survey of participants who voluntarily answer questions regarding the direction of change in their overall business activities. The ISM Non-Manufacturing Index is an index based on surveys of more than 400 non-manufacturing firms' purchasing and supply executives, within 60 sectors across the nation, by the Institute of Supply Management (ISM) and also tracks economic data, like the ISM Non-Manufacturing Business Activity Index. A composite diffusion index is created based on the data from these surveys that monitors economic conditions of the nation. The Housing Market Index (HMI) is based on a monthly survey of NAHB members designed to take the pulse of the single-family housing market. In May 2007, Markit's U.S. PMI research was extended out to cover producers of metal goods. In October 2009, Markit's U.S. Manufacturing PMI survey panel was extended further to cover all areas of U.S. manufacturing activity. The NY Empire State Index is an index based on the monthly survey of manufacturers in New York State - known as the Empire State Manufacturing Survey - conducted by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. The headline number for the NY Empire State Index refers to the survey's main index, which summarizes general business conditions in New York State.

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