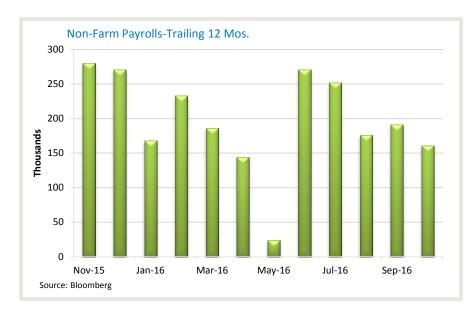


Weekly Market Review

November 11, 2016

Chart of the Week



Weekly Highlights

- In a surprising result of Tuesday's election, Donald Trump won the presidential election and will become the 45th president of the United States, after defeating Hillary Clinton, who held the popular vote.
- Donald Trump's presidential victory promises to change the global economic dynamic and initiate a period of uncertainty for the US economy and many of its international trading partners.
- In the wake of the election, the market had one of the best weekly sessions in a few years, but ended the week on a more modest level, as stocks stalled on Friday.
- **Economists still anticipate that Federal Reserve** officials will announce an interest rate hike when they meet in December.

Talking Points

- Among equities, large caps underperformed small caps; value stocks led growth stocks; domestic stocks outperformed international stocks; and emerging markets trailed developed markets.
- Treasury yields were higher. The yield on the 10-year Treasury note rose during the week, ending roughly around 2.1%, as investors' appetite for US Treasuries waned in favor of equities after the Trump win.
- Commodity indices were mixed.
 Crude oil prices rallied early in the week, but pulled back on Friday, whereas precious metal prices decreased.
- In the wake of the election, the US dollar index increased versus a basket of other currencies.
- Among economic data released, jobless claims declined to nearrecord lows. For the week ending November 5, claims fell by 11,000, to 254,000. Additionally, consumer sentiment was very positive and had its best showing since June.

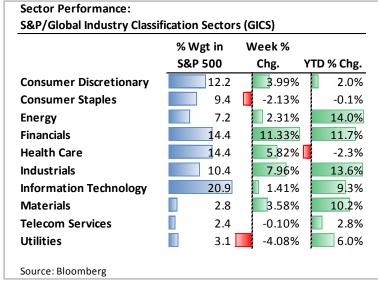
Market Dashboard

	Last Price	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
S&P 500	2,164.45	79.27	3.80%	5.9%
Dow Industrials	18,847.66	959.38	5.36%	8.2%
Nasdaq	5,237.11	190.74	3.78%	4.6%
Russell 2000	1,282.38	118.94	10.22%	12.9%
Euro Stoxx Index	337.50	8.70	2.65%	-7.7%
Shanghai Composite	3,196.04	70.73	2.26%	-9.7%
Russell Global	1,678.17	38.07	2.27%	3.5%

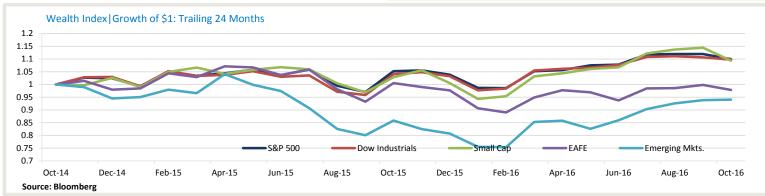
	Last Price	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Russell Global EM	2,774.81	-12.07	-0.43%	9.4%
10-Year US Treas.	2.12	33 bps	NM	NM
DJ UBS Comm. ldx.	82.38	-0.92	-1.10%	4.9%
Gold	\$1,225.89	-\$79.81	-6.12%	15.5%
Crude Oil	\$43.21	-\$0.85	-1.93%	-1.4%
Dollar Index	98.97	1.94	2.00%	0.4%
VIX Index	14.17	-8.34	-37.05%	-22.2%

2250	500 Index: Trailing 180 Days
2200	
2150	
2100	
2052	
2050	
2000 -	
2000 -	
2000 - 1950 - 1900	0 6/13 6/27 7/11 7/25 8/8 8/22 9/5 9/19 10/3 10/1710/31

		One Week	(YTD	
	Value		Growth	Value		Growth
L	4.97%	3.77%	2.64%	8.18%	5.35%	2.79%
	4.20%	4.08%	3.93%	11.09%	7.36%	3.59%
S	10.59%	10.22%	9.84%	18.76%	12.90%	7.19%
	Source: B	loomberg				







The Economy and Markets

A Macro View – Trump trumps Hillary: What now for investors?

No matter whether your candidate won or lost in Tuesday's vote, all Americans can now breathe a collective sigh of relief: it is over. Early Wednesday morning, the result of this long campaign was finally revealed. In a stunning upset, Donald J. Trump will become the 45th president of the United States on Friday, January 20, after defeating Hillary Clinton, who won the popular vote in the election. After 18 months, and nearly \$7 billion spent during this presidential race, there will be no more seemingly endless campaign ads, and no more questioning who will win. Now we can begin to focus on how the next four years will be different. The one thing that certainly will be missed is Hillary and Donald matched up in Saturday Night Live's hilarious take on this whole process.

In addition to the presidential victory, the Republican Party also maintained control over both houses of Congress. So, what does that mean for the economy and investors? Well, little right now. President Obama still has over two more months in office before he hands over the keys to the Oval Office to President-elect Trump, and only then will we begin to see the implications of this election start to play out. Particularly notable, based on Wednesday morning's acceptance speech, we saw indications that the campaign version of Donald Trump may be different from President Donald Trump. He attempted to offer an olive branch to the many folks who didn't support his campaign, while also promising to work with many countries abroad, all which was contrary to much of his campaign rhetoric.

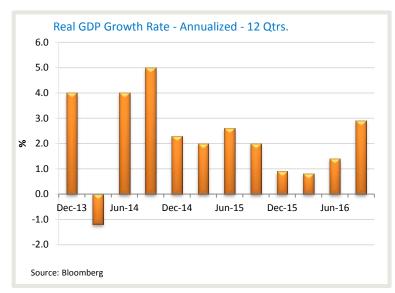
So what do we know, and what can we expect right now? Based upon the tone of most of Trump's campaign, we can bet that foreign trade will be a big focus of his new administration. The chances of the Trans-Pacific Partnership (TPP) being ratified seem unlikely now, and the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) may be in jeopardy, and could have negative implications for our trading partners, like Canada and Mexico. Additionally, emerging market currencies will be under pressure, affected by potential new trade barriers. Uncertainty over immigration policy will also influence domestic labor markets and therefore production. Furthermore, with about 40% of US earnings coming from overseas, US-based multinationals could also face pressure. On the more positive side of the ledger, tax policy could support growth, as corporate tax rates come down and hundreds of billions of dollars are repatriated within our borders. The Energy sector also may benefit from fewer regulations and an improved likelihood of fracking and pipeline projects. The prospects for Health Care stocks also may recover, as drug prices may have fewer pressures, and the Affordable Care Act may be reformed. Additionally, Industrials and Materials could see a boost from increased infrastructure and construction spending.

Regarding interest rates expectations, it seems that despite heightened volatility the last couple of days, a rate hike in December is still likely. Future fiscal policy possibly could result in rising 10-year bond yields, as well. However, despite the fact that President-elect Trump has been highly critical of Federal Reserve Chair Janet Yellen, it is important to remember that her term doesn't expire until February 2018, so any major immediate changes at the Fed seem unlikely at the moment.

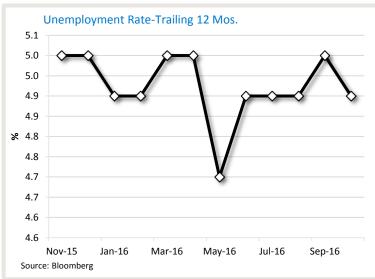
Finally, now that the Republicans will control both houses of Congress for the next two years, we have to anticipate the Trump administration will try to accomplish as much as it can early on in his term. But considering the unconventional and, at times, often confusing campaign Trump ran, we will have to sit back and wait to see how policies are actually rolled out. Overall, although many people view Trump's election as a surprise, we have to believe calm heads will prevail as his agenda becomes clearer in the months ahead.

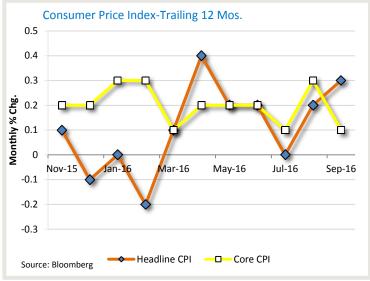
Michael Manning, CFA Investment Analyst

Economic Data

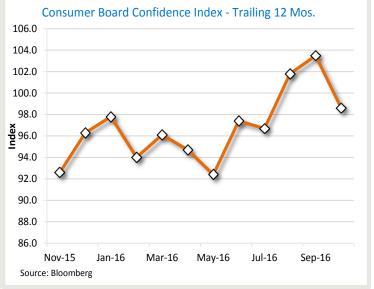












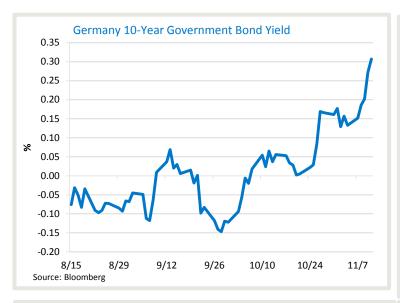
Eurozone

SELECTED EUROPEAN SOVEREIGN YIELD PERFORMANCE

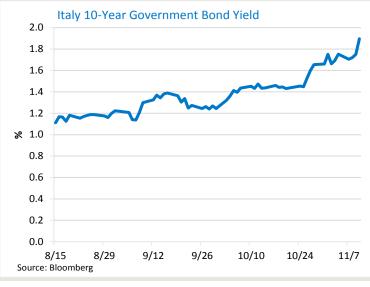
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Germany 10-Yr. Govt.	0.31	-16 bps	NM	NM
Greece 10-Yr. Govt.	7.09	34 bps	NM	NM
Italy 10-Yr. Govt.	2.02	-23 bps	NM	NM
Spain 10-Yr. Govt.	1.47	-19 bps	NM	NM
Belgium 10-Yr. Govt.	0.68	-27 bps	NM	NM

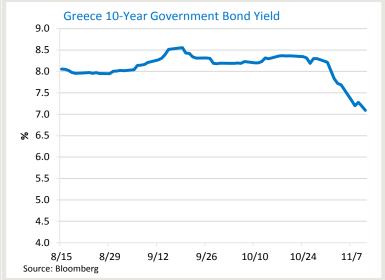
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
France 10-Yr. Govt.	0.74	-27 bps	NM	NM
Ireland 10-Yr. Govt.	0.98	-29 bps	NM	NM
Portugal 10-Yr. Govt.	3.47	-15 bps	NM	NM
Netherlands 10-Yr. Govt.	0.48	-21 bps	NM	NM
U.K. 10-Yr. Govt.	1.36	-22 bps	NM	NM

Source: Bloomberg Basis points (bps)









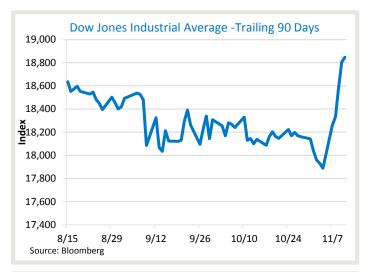
Equities

WORLD MARKET PERFORMANCE

Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
2,164.45	79.27	3.80%	5.90%
18,847.66	959.38	5.36%	8.16%
5,237.11	190.74	3.78%	4.59%
1,678.17	38.07	2.27%	3.5%
2,774.81	-12.07	-0.43%	9.4%
14,555.41	46.16	0.32%	11.88%
44,978.25	-1716.56	-3.68%	4.66%
59,183.51	-2414.88	-3.92%	36.52%
337.50	8.70	2.65%	-7.74%
6,730.43	37.17	0.56%	7.82%
8,639.20	-152.40	-1.73%	-9.48%
	2,164.45 18,847.66 5,237.11 1,678.17 2,774.81 14,555.41 44,978.25 59,183.51 337.50 6,730.43	2,164.45 79.27 18,847.66 959.38 5,237.11 190.74 1,678.17 38.07 2,774.81 -12.07 14,555.41 46.16 44,978.25 -1716.56 59,183.51 -2414.88 337.50 8.70 6,730.43 37.17	2,164.45 79.27 3.80% 18,847.66 959.38 5.36% 5,237.11 190.74 3.78% 1,678.17 38.07 2.27% 2,774.81 -12.07 -0.43% 14,555.41 46.16 0.32% 44,978.25 -1716.56 -3.68% 59,183.51 -2414.88 -3.92% 337.50 8.70 2.65% 6,730.43 37.17 0.56%

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Swiss Market Index	7,880.29	287.09	3.78%	-10.63%
CAC 40 Index (France)	4,489.27	111.81	2.55%	-3.19%
DAX Index (Germany)	10,667.95	408.82	3.98%	-0.70%
Irish Overall Index	6,215.77	296.72	5.01%	-8.48%
Nikkei 225	17,374.79	469.43	2.78%	-8.72%
Hang Seng Index	22,531.09	-111.53	-0.49%	2.81%
Shanghai Composite	3,196.04	70.73	2.26%	-9.70%
Kospi Index (S. Korea)	1,984.43	2.41	0.12%	1.18%
Taiwan Taiex Index	8,957.76	-110.39	-1.22%	7.43%
Tel Aviv 25 Index	1,424.94	37.34	2.69%	-6.79%
MICEX Index (Russia)	2,031.92	69.21	3.53%	15.36%

Source: Bloomberg; Index % change is based on price.









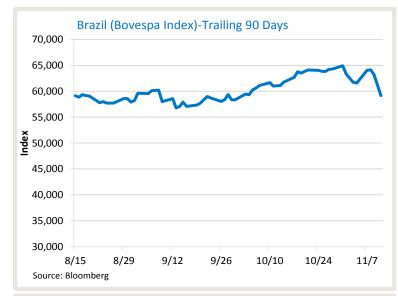
Equities – Emerging and Frontier Markets

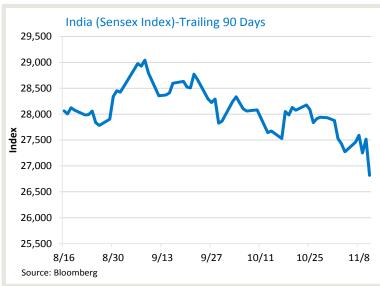
EMERGING AND FRONTIER MARKET PERFORMANCE

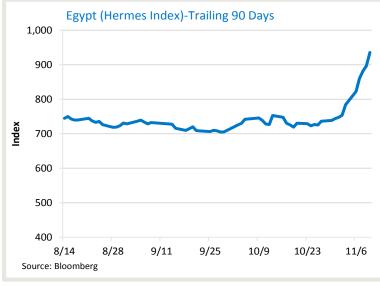
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Mexico IPC	44,978.25	-1716.56	-3.7%	4.7%
Brazil (Bovespa Index)	59,183.51	-2414.88	-3.9%	36.5%
MICEX Index (Russia)	2,031.92	69.21	3.5%	15.4%
Czech Republic (Prague)	900.99	7.17	0.8%	-5.8%
Turkey (Istanbul)	75,174.19	907.00	1.2%	4.8%
Egypt (Hermes Index)	935.49	151.18	19.3%	48.4%
Kenya (Nairobi 20 Index)	3,264.26	12.80	0.4%	-19.2%
Saudi Arabia (TASI Index)	6,528.05	467.59	7.7%	-5.6%
Lebanon (Beirut BLOM Index)	1,217.17	-0.50	0.0%	4.1%
Palestine	527.93	7.85	1.5%	-0.9%

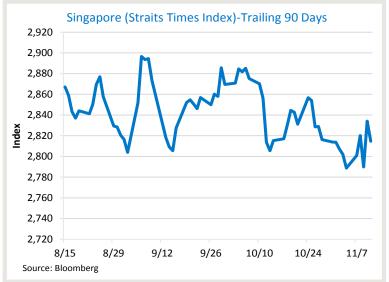
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Hang Seng Index	22,531.09	-111.53	-0.5%	2.8%
India (Sensex 30)	26,818.82	-455.33	-1.7%	2.7%
Malaysia (KLCI Index)	1,634.19	-14.05	-0.9%	-3.4%
Singapore (Straits Times Index)	2,814.60	25.80	0.9%	-2.4%
Thailand (SET Index)	1,494.53	8.83	0.6%	16.0%
Indonesia (Jakarta)	5,231.97	-130.69	-2.4%	13.9%
Pakistan (Karachi KSE 100)	42,849.12	1007.56	2.4%	30.6%
Vietnam (Ho Chi Minh)	679.20	12.47	1.9%	17.3%
Sri Lanka (Colombo)	6,415.59	-19.58	-0.3%	-6.9%
Cambodia (Laos)	990.94	0.00	0.0%	-15.6%

Source: Bloomberg; Index % change is based on price.









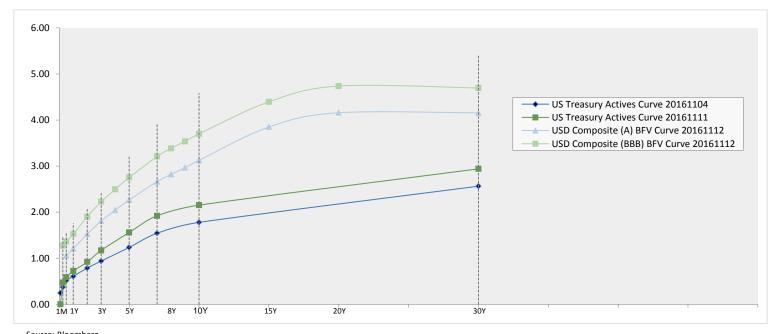
Interest Rates

SELECTED INTEREST RATES

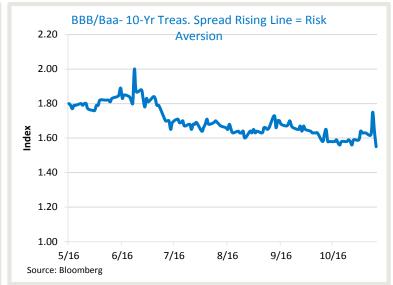
			-	
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
2-Yr. U.S. Treasury	0.92%	-3 bps	NM	NM
5-Yr. U.S. Treasury	1.53%	29 bps	NM	NM
10-Yr. U.S. Treasury	2.12%	33 bps	NM	NM
30-Yr. U.S. Treasury	2.93%	36 bps	NM	NM
German 10-Yr. Govt.	0.31%	-16 bps	NM	NM
France 10-Yr.	0.74%	-27 bps	NM	NM
Italy 10-Yr.	2.02%	-23 bps	NM	NM
Fed 5-Yr Fwd BE Inf.	1.65%	5 bps	NM	NM

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Prime Rate	3.50%	0.00	NM	NM
Fed Funds Rate	0.50%	0.00	NM	NM
Discount Rate	1.00%	0.00	NM	NM
LIBOR (3 Mo.)	0.90%	2 bps	NM	NM
Bond Buyer 40 Muni	3.58%	31 bps	NM	NM
Bond Buyer 40 G.O.	3.52%	NA	NM	NM
Bond Buyer 40 Rev.	3.69%	NA	NM	NM

Source: Bloomberg







Currencies

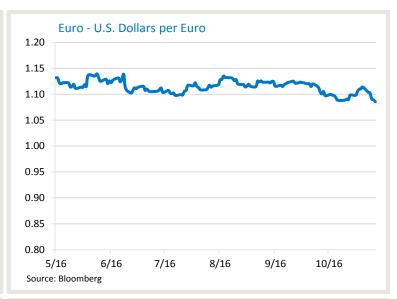
SELECTED CURRENCY PERFORMANCE

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Dollar Index	98.98	1.940	2.00%	0.38%
Euro	1.09	-0.028	-2.55%	-0.05%
Japanese Yen	106.66	3.570	-3.35%	12.68%
British Pound	1.26	0.009	0.70%	-14.46%
Canadian Dollar	1.35	0.014	-1.00%	2.21%

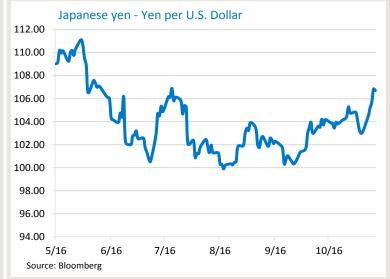
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %	
Chinese Yuan	6.81	0.056	-0.81%	-4.67%	
Swiss Franc	0.99	0.019	-1.95%	1.46%	
New Zealand Dollar	0.71	-0.020	-2.72%	4.33%	
Brazilian Real	3.40	0.166	-4.88%	16.42%	
Mexican Peso	20.74	1.771	-8.52%	-17.26%	

Source: Bloomberg









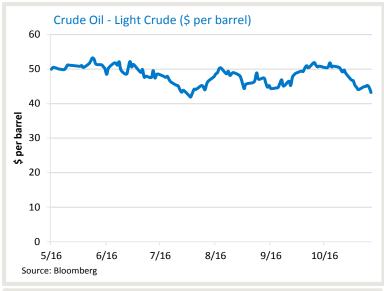
Commodities

SELECTED COMMODITY MARKET PERFORMANCE

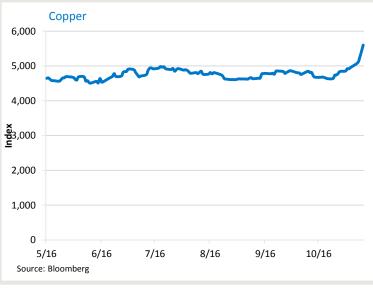
	JEECTED CONTINION								
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %					
Bloomberg Comm. ldx.	82.38	-0.92	-1.10%	4.86%					
Crude Oil	\$43.20	-\$0.85	-1.93%	-1.39%					
Natural Gas	\$2.64	-\$0.13	-4.52%	-4.48%					
Gasoline (\$/Gal.)	\$2.19	-\$0.04	-1.58%	9.57%					
Heating Oil	139.71	-3.29	-2.30%	3.48%					
Gold Spot	\$1,225.89	-\$79.81	-6.12%	15.47%					
Silver Spot	\$17.34	-\$1.07	-5.78%	25.37%					

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Platinum Spot	\$945.96	-\$53.75	-5.38%	5.98%
Corn	349.00	-8.50	-2.38%	-11.20%
Wheat	403.00	-11.25	-2.72%	-20.59%
Soybeans	986.00	-4.75	-0.48%	10.97%
Sugar	21.70	-0.03	-0.14%	43.71%
Orange Juice	211.95	-7.25	-3.31%	45.77%
Aluminum	1,770.00	48.00	2.79%	17.45%
Copper	5,601.00	610.00	12.22%	19.04%

Source: Bloomberg; % change is based on price.









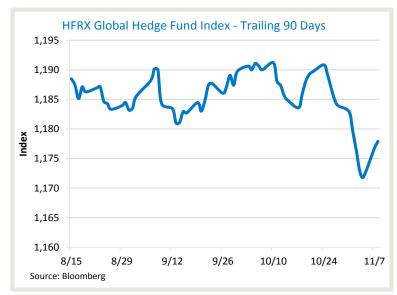
Alternative Investments

SELECTED ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENT INDEX PERFORMANCE

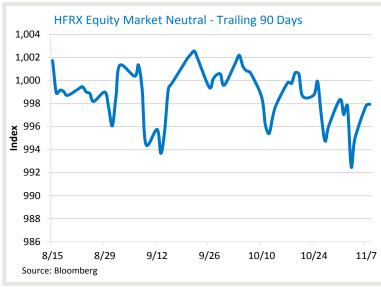
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
HFRX Global Hedge Fund Index	1186.08	14.18	1.21%	1.02%
HFRX Equity Market Neutral	997.23	2.27	0.23%	-4.12%
HFRX Equity Hedge Index	1149.36	27.60	2.46%	-0.43%
HFRX Event-Driven Index	1510.04	17.02	1.14%	7.22%
HFRX Absolute Return Index	1023.08	0.08	0.01%	-0.22%

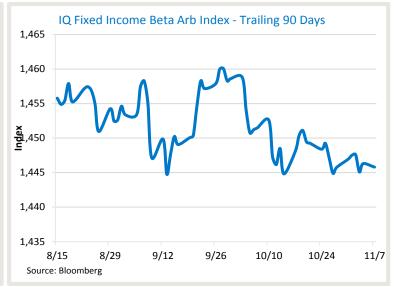
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
HFRX Distressed Index	1034.86	9.05	0.88%	15.46%
HFRX Merger Arbitrage Index	1788.59	3.14	0.18%	2.92%
HFRX Convertible Arbitrage Index	736.83	-1.75	-0.24%	4.94%
HFRX Macro CTA Index	1133.03	11.00	0.98%	-3.13%
IQ Fixed Income Beta Arb Index	1429.92	-16.39	-1.13%	3.08%

Source: Bloomberg; Index % change is based on price.

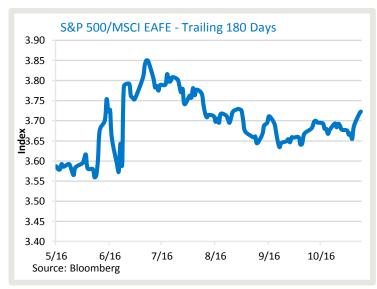


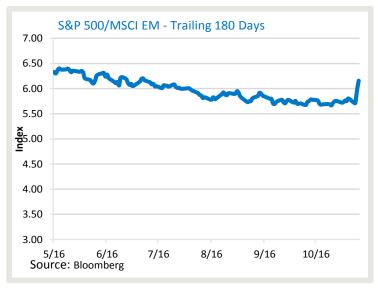


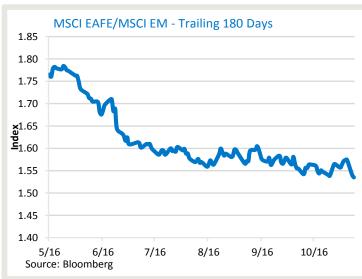




Portfolio Construction



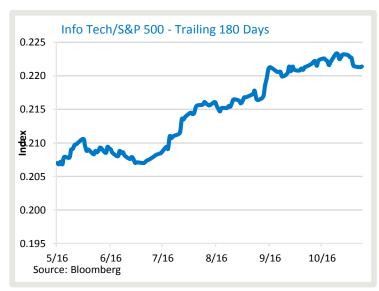


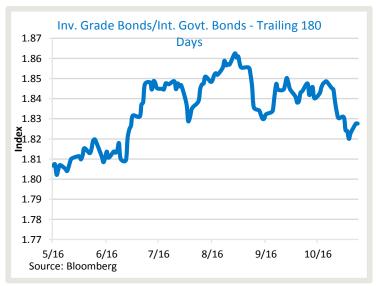


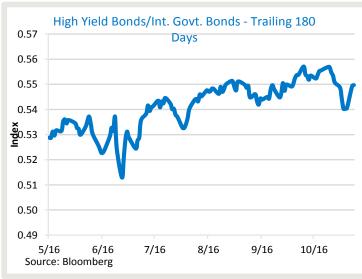


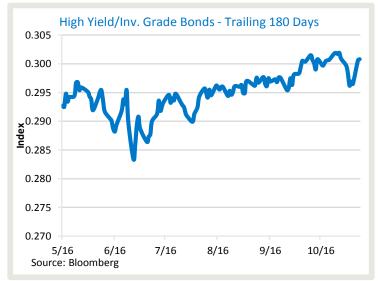


Portfolio Construction (continued)









WEEKLY ASSET CLASS PERFORMANCE (Prior 12 weeks ending Thursday)														
			8/25	9/1	9/8	9/15	9/22	9/29	10/6	10/13	10/20	10/27	11/3	11/10
	Domestic	Large Cap (R200)	-0.70%	0.04%	0.46%	-1.32%	1.24%	-1.27%	0.56%	-1.14%	0.36%	-0.04%	-2.22%	3.78%
F	Equity	Small Cap (R2000)	0.26%	-0.02%	1.50%	-2.49%	2.97%	-2.03%	0.69%	-2.45%	0.33%	-2.45%	-2.78%	8.19%
Equity	Int'l.	MSCI EAFE	-0.34%	-0.45%	2.27%	-3.27%	3.10%	-1.24%	-0. <mark>6</mark> 9%	-2.39%	1.54%	-0.75%	-0.87%	0.42%
	Equity	MSCI Em. Mkts.	-2.00%	-0.78%	4.06%	-4.13%	3.59%	-0.82%	0.40%	-2.88%	2.55%	-0.88%	-2.25%	1.05%
Fived	•	BarCap Agg. (AGG)	-0.19%	-0.05%	-0.21%	-0.45%	0.48%	0.25%	-0. <mark>8</mark> 7%	0.00%	0.18%	-0.54%	-0.13%	1.41%
rixea	Income	High Yield (JNK)	-0.30%	-0.25%	0.25%	-0.99%	1.16%	-0.08%	0.11%	-0.19%	0.74%	-0.73%	-2.11%	0.78%
Comm	nodities	Bloomberg Commodity Index	-1.95%	-3.47%	3.71%	-2.43%	2.92%	-0.33%	0.34%	0.90%	-0.30%	0.23%	-3.03%	0.28%
Alter	natives	Hedge Funds (HFRX Global)	-0.24%	-0.06%	0.54%	-0.59%	0.38%	0.00%	0.27%	-0.42%	0.30%	-0.36%	-1.02%	1.13%
Asset Allocation	60/40*	-0.41%	-0.13%	0.77%	-1.55%	1.54%	-0.73%	-0.15%	-1.10%	0.60%	-0.64%	-1.34%	1.31%	
	48/32/20 (w/Alts.)**	-0.38%	-0.11%	0.72%	-1.36%	1.31%	-0.58%	-0.06%	-0.96%	0.54%	-0.58%	-1.28%	1.27%	

 $Source: Bloomberg; *60/40\ portfolio = 30\%\ Large\ Cap/10\%\ Small\ Cap/15\%\ EAFE/5\%\ Emerging\ Markets/35\%\ BarCap\ Agg./5\%\ High\ Yield.$

^{**48/32/20} portfolio = 24% Large Cap/8% Small Cap/12% EAFE/4% Emerging Markets/28% BarCap Agg./4% High Yield/20% HFRX Global Index.

	Large Cap Core	Large Cap Growth	Large Cap Value	Mid Cap Core	Mid Cap Growth	Mid Cap Value	Small Cap Core	Small Cap Growth	Small Cap Value	Int'l. Developed	Emerging Markets	REITs	Comm.	Int. Bond	High Yield
Large Cap Core	1.00	1.11	0.92	1.07	1.12	1.03	0.98	1.03	0.93	1.25	1.24	1.48	1.20	1.80	1.38
Large Cap Growth	0.90	1.00	0.83	0.96	1.01	0.93	0.88	0.93	0.84	1.12	1.12	1.33	1.09	1.62	1.24
Large Cap Value	1.09	1.21	1.00	1.17	1.22	1.12	1.07	1.12	1.02	1.36	1.35	1.61	1.31	1.96	1.50
Mid Cap Core	0.94	1.04	0.86	1.00	1.05	0.96	0.92	0.96	0.87	1.17	1.16	1.38	1.13	1.68	1.29
Mid Cap Growth	0.89	0.99	0.82	0.95	1.00	0.92	0.87	0.92	0.83	1.11	1.11	1.32	1.07	1.61	1.23
Mid Cap Value	0.97	1.07	0.89	1.04	1.09	1.00	0.95	1.00	0.90	1.21	1.20	1.43	1.17	1.75	1.34
Small Cap Core	1.02	1.13	0.94	1.09	1.14	1.05	1.00	1.05	0.95	1.27	1.27	1.51	1.23	1.84	1.41
Small Cap Growth	0.97	1.08	0.89	1.04	1.09	1.00	0.95	1.00	0.91	1.21	1.20	1.43	1.17	1.75	1.34
Small Cap Value	1.07	1.19	0.98	1.15	1.20	1.11	1.05	1.10	1.00	1.34	1.33	1.58	1.29	1.93	1.48
Int'l. Developed	0.80	0.89	0.74	0.86	0.90	0.83	0.78	0.83	0.75	1.00	1.00	1.18	0.96	1.44	1.11
Emerging Markets	0.81	0.89	0.74	0.86	0.90	0.83	0.79	0.83	0.75	1.00	1.00	1.19	0.97	1.45	1.11
REITs	0.68	0.75	0.62	0.72	0.76	0.70	0.66	0.70	0.63	0.85	0.84	1.00	0.82	1.22	0.93
Commodities	0.83	0.92	0.76	0.89	0.93	0.86	0.81	0.86	0.78	1.04	1.03	1.23	1.00	1.50	1.15
Int. Bond	0.56	0.62	0.51	0.59	0.62	0.57	0.54	0.57	0.52	0.69	0.69	0.82	0.67	1.00	0.77
High Yield	0.73	0.80	0.67	0.78	0.81	0.75	0.71	0.75	0.68	0.90	0.90	1.07	0.87	1.31	1.00

Source: Bloomberg

The Relative Strength Matrix provides an indication of how the various asset classes have performed relative to one another over the past 30 days. A number greater than 1.0 indicates that the asset class in the far left column has outperformed the corresponding asset class in the top row over the past 30 days. A number below 1.0 means the asset class on the left has underperformed the asset class at the top. The green shading indicates outperformance, and the red shading indicates underperformance.

Index Overview & Key Definitions

Fed, The Fed or FED refers to the Federal Reserve System, the central bank of the United States. The Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) is the monetary policymaking body of the Federal Reserve System. Fed Funds Rate, the interest rate at which a depository institution lends funds maintained at the Federal Reserve to another depository institution overnight. The European Central Bank (ECB) is the central bank for Europe's single currency, the euro. The ECB's main task is to maintain the euro's purchasing power and thus price stability in the euro area. The euro area comprises the 19 European Union countries that have introduced the euro since 1999. The Gross Domestic Product (GDP) rate is a measurement of the output of goods and services produced by labor and property located in the United States. Basis Point(s) is a unit that is equal to 1/100th of 1%, and is used to denote the change in a financial instrument. The basis point is commonly used for calculating changes in interest rates, equity indexes and the yield of a fixed-income security. A separately managed account (SMA) is an individual managed investment account offered typically by a brokerage firm through one of their brokers or financial consultants and managed by independent investment management firms (often called money managers for short) and have varying fee structures. The Consumer Price Index (CPI) measures the change in the cost of a fixed basket of products and services. The Producer Price Index (PPI) program measures the average change over time in the selling prices received by domestic producers for their output. The prices included in the PPI are from the first commercial transaction for many products and some services. Core CPI is an additional CPI Index, excludes energy and food item price changes, and measures the "core" or "underlying" rate of inflation. The PCE (Personal Consumption Expenditure) Index of Prices is a US--wide indicator of the average increase in prices for all domestic personal consumption. Using a variety of data i

The Dow Jones Industrial Average (DOW or DJIA) is an unmanaged index of 30 common stocks comprised of 30 actively traded blue chip stocks, primarily industrials and assumes reinvestment of dividends. The S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged index comprised of 500 widely held securities considered to be representative of the stock market in general. The S&P/Case-Shiller Home Price Indices measure the residential housing market, tracking changes in the value of the residential real estate market in 20 metropolitan regions across the United States. The Nasdag Composite Index is a stock market index of the common stocks and similar securities listed on the NASDAQ stock market. The US Dollar Index is a measure of the value of the United States dollar relative to a basket of foreign currencies. It is a weighted geometric mean of the dollar's value relative to other select currencies (Euro, Japanese yen, Pound sterling, Canadian dollar, Swedish krona (SEK) & Swiss franc). The Nikkei Index (Nikkei 225 or Nikkei) is a stock market index for the Tokyo Stock Exchange calculated daily by the Nihon Keizai Shimbun (Nikkei) newspaper since 1950. It is a price-weighted index (the unit is yen), and the components are reviewed once a year. The FTSE 100 Index (FTSE 100) is a share index of the 100 companies listed on the London Stock Exchange (LSE) with the highest market capitalization. The Bloomberg Commodity Index (formerly the Dow Jones-UBS Commodity Index) tracks prices of futures contracts on physical commodities on the commodity markets and is designed to minimize concentration in any one commodity or sector (currently 22 commodity futures in seven sectors). The Barclays Capital US Credit Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of publicly issued, SEC-registered US corporate and specified foreign debentures and secured notes. The Barclays Capital US Aggregate Bond Index is a market capitalization-weighted index of investment-grade, fixed-rate debt issues, including government, corporate, asset-backed, and mortgage-backed securities, with maturities of at least one year. The Barclays Capital US Corporate High Yield Index covers the USD-denominated, non-investment grade, fixed-rate, taxable corporate bond market. Securities are classified as high-yield if the middle rating of Moody's, Fitch and S&P is Ba1/BB+/BB+ or below. The index may include emerging market debt. The Barclays Capital Municipal Bond Index is an unmanaged index comprised of investment-grade, fixed-rate municipal securities representative of the tax-exempt bond market in general. The Barclays Capital US Treasury Total Return Index is an unmanaged index of public obligations of the US Treasury with a remaining maturity of one year or more. The Barclays Capital Global Aggregate ex-U.S. Index is a market capitalization-weighted index, meaning the securities in the index are weighted according to the market size of each bond type. Most U.S. traded investment grade bonds are represented. Municipal bonds, and Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities are excluded, due to tax treatment issues. The index includes Treasury securities, Government agency bonds, Mortgage-backed bonds, Corporate bonds, and a small amount of foreign bonds traded in U.S. The Barclays Capital U.S. 5-10 Year Corporate Bond Index measures the investment return of U.S. dollar denominated, investment-grade, fixed rate, taxable securities issued by industrial, utility, and financial companies with maturities between 5 and 10 years. Treasury securities, mortgage-backed securities (MBS) foreign bonds, government agency bonds and corporate bonds are some of the categories included in the index. The Barclays Capital U.S Corporate High-Yield Index is composed of fixed-rate, publicly issued, non-investment grade debt. The Barclays Capital U.S. Corporate 5-10 Year Index includes U.S. dollar-denominated, investment-grade, fixed-rate, taxable securities issued by industrial, utility, & financial companies, with maturities between 5 & 10 years. The DJ-UBS Commodity Index Total Return SM measures the collateralized returns from a basket of 19 commodity futures contracts representing the energy, precious metals, industrial metals, grains, softs and livestock sectors. The Russell 1000 Index is a market capitalization-weighted benchmark index made up of the 1000 largest U.S. companies in the Russell 3000 Index. The Russell 1000 Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of large-cap growth stocks. The Russell 1000 Value Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of large-cap value stocks. The Russell 2000 Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of small-cap stocks. The Russell 2000 Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of smallcap growth stocks. The Russell 2000 Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of small-cap value stocks. The Russell 3000 Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of the US stock market. The Russell Midcap Index is a subset of the Russell 1000 Index. It includes approximately 800 of the smallest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership. The Russell Midcap Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of mid-cap growth stocks. The Russell Midcap Value Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of mid-cap value stocks. The HFRX Indices are a series of benchmarks of hedge fund industry performance which are engineered to achieve representative performance of a larger universe of hedge fund strategies. Hedge Fund Research, Inc. employs the HFRX Methodology (UCITS compliant), a proprietary and highly quantitative process by which hedge funds are selected as constituents for the HFRX Indices. The University of Michigan Consumer Sentiment Index (MCSI) is a survey of consumer confidence conducted by the University of Michigan using telephone surveys to gather information on consumer expectations regarding the overall economy. The CBOE Volatility Index (VIX) is an up-to-the-minute market estimate of expected volatility that is calculated by using real-time S&P 500 Index option bid/ask quotes. The Index uses nearby and second nearby options with at least 8 days left to expiration and then weights them to vield a constant, 30-day measure of the expected volatility of the S&P 500 Index. The MSCI EAFE Index is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets outside of the U.S. & Canada. The MSCI EAFE Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of growth stocks of Europe, Australasia and the Far East. The MSCI EAFE Value Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of value stocks of Europe, Australasia and the Far East. The MSCI EM (Emerging Markets) Latin America Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of emerging markets in Latin America. The MSCI World ex-U.S. Index captures large and mid-cap representation across 22 of 23 Developed Markets (DM) countries - excluding the US. With 1,002 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in each country. The MSCI Japan Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid-cap segments of the Japanese market. With 320 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in Japan. The MSCI Emerging Markets Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure equity market performance in the global emerging markets. The MSCI Europe Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of stocks of developed European countries. The MSCI Pacific Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of the developed markets in the Pacific region. The Barclays Intermediate US Government/Credit Bond Index is a market capitalization-weighted index of investment-grade, fixed-rate debt issues, including Treasuries, government-related and U.S. corporate securities, with maturities of at least one year and less than 10 years. The Philadelphia Fed Manufacturing Index is a regional Federal Reserve Bank index measuring changes in business growth and is constructed from a survey of participants who voluntarily answer questions regarding the direction of change in their overall business activities. The ISM Non-Manufacturing Index is an index based on surveys of more than 400 non-manufacturing firms' purchasing and supply executives, within 60 sectors across the nation, by the Institute of Supply Management (ISM) and also tracks economic data, like the ISM Non-Manufacturing Business Activity Index. A composite diffusion index is created based on the data from these surveys that monitors economic conditions of the nation. The Housing Market Index (HMI) is based on a monthly survey of NAHB members designed to take the pulse of the single-family housing market. In May 2007, Markit's U.S. PMI research was extended out to cover producers of metal goods. In October 2009, Markit's U.S. Manufacturing PMI survey panel was extended further to cover all areas of U.S. manufacturing activity. The NY Empire State Index is an index based on the monthly survey of manufacturers in New York State - known as the Empire State Manufacturing Survey - conducted by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. The headline number for the NY Empire State Index refers to the survey's main index, which summarizes general business conditions in New York State.

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