

# **Weekly Market Review**

June 2, 2017

#### **Chart of the Week**



### **Weekly Highlights**

- The May jobs report was weaker than expected, with the addition of 138,000 new jobs (185,000 was the estimated increase), while the unemployment rate declined to 4.3%, its lowest rate since May 2001. There also was a total of 66,000 in downward revisions from the figures reported for the prior two months. The labor participation rate dropped from 62.9% to 62.7%, as the total labor force declined by 429,000. Average hourly earnings rose by 0.2% on a month-over-month basis, reflecting growth of 2.5% annually.
- Amazon (AMZN) shares crossed through \$1,000 earlier this week, winning
  the milestone race with Alphabet (GOOG), Google's parent company.
   Amazon's stock has been on a strong upward trend since April, when the
  company reported earnings and sales growth that exceeded expectations.
- The Nikkei 225 Stock Average topped 20,000 for the first time since April 2015. The major Japanese index is a price-weighted average similar to the Dow Jones Industrial Average. The index comprises 225 blue-chip companies traded on the Tokyo Stock Exchange. Japanese stocks have benefited from stronger earnings, predictable central bank policy, and the strength of the US Dollar versus the yen helping to lift exports.

### **Talking Points**

- Among equities, large cap mostly trailed small cap. Growth stocks beat out value stocks.
   Developed international stock performance was mostly in line with domestic equities, while emerging market equities trailed their developed peers.
- The yield on the 10-Year
   Treasury Note fell below 2.20%
   on Friday, as investors bid up
   treasuries, with the 10-Year yield
   falling to levels not seen since
   November.
- The dollar index was lower, while the euro strengthened; following the weaker-thanexpected jobs report. Commodities traded lower, as oil prices declined.
- Among economic data released, China Manufacturing Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI) held at 51.2, while its Non-Manufacturing PMI increased to 54.5, showing continued expansion in May. Eurozone Consumer Price Index (CPI) rose 1.4% year over year in May, which was down from the 1.9% reading in April. ADP Employment payrolls rose by 253,000 in May, much more than the 180,000 that economists had expected.

### **Market Dashboard**

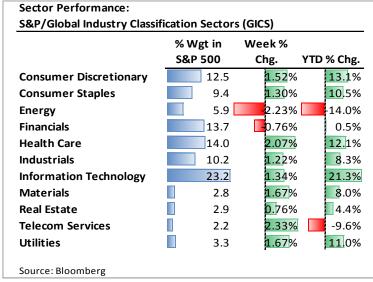
	Last Price	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
S&P 500	2,439.07	23.25	0.96%	8.9%
Dow Industrials	21,206.29	126.01	0.60%	7.3%
Nasdaq	6,305.80	95.60	1.54%	17.1%
Russell 2000	1,405.39	23.14	1.67%	3.6%
Euro Stoxx Index	392.55	1.20	0.31%	8.6%
Shanghai Composite	3,105.54	41.46	1.35%	0.1%
Russell Global	1,945.18	8.79	0.45%	10.4%

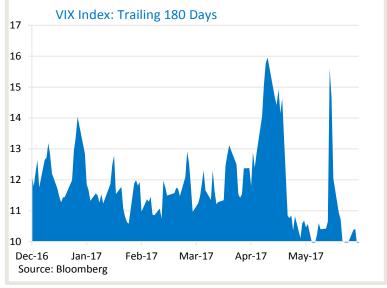
Source.	Bloombera:	Index %	change is	hased o	on price

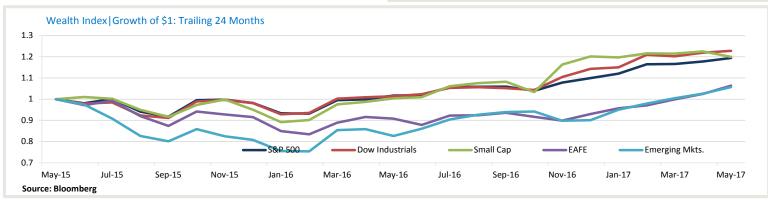
	Last Price	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Russell Global EM	3,180.21	-24.12	-0.75%	16.4%
10-Year US Treas.	2.16	-9 bps	NM	NM
DJ UBS Comm. ldx.	82.33	-1.68	-2.00%	-5.9%
Gold	\$1,278.68	\$11.93	0.94%	11.4%
Crude Oil	\$47.83	-\$1.95	-3.92%	-15.7%
Dollar Index	96.68	-0.76	-0.78%	-5.4%
VIX Index	9.75	-0.04	-0.41%	-30.4%

2500				
2450				
2400				
2350				
2300				
2250				
2200				
2150 -				
2100 -				
2050		1 1 1		
12	<sup>7</sup> 5 12/19 1/2 1/16 1/30 2/	13 2/27 3/13 3/27	7 4/10 4/24 5/3	8 5/22

		One Week	(		YTD	
	Value		Growth	Value		Growth
L	0.27%	0.95%	1.53%	2.30%	9.39%	16.27%
	0.81%	1.17%	1.59%	3.91%	7.65%	12.38%
S	1.16%	1.67%	2.20%	-1.38%	3.56%	9.06%
	Source: B	loomberg				







## The Economy and Markets

### A Macro View - May Monthly Recap

Domestic equity markets continued their move higher in May, with the major US indices closing the month near record-level territory. Despite the strength in stocks, the month was not without drama, which led to a brief dip in optimism amid President Donald Trump removing FBI Director James Comey, fueling fears that this action could result in further Congressional gridlock and slow the potential fiscal reforms. However, the market filtered out the noise (as it has done this year) and focused on positive developments. First-quarter earnings reported through month- end were strong, with S&P 500 companies reporting earnings that were up roughly +14% and revenues that were higher by +7%, when compared with the prior year, with nearly 75% exceeding estimates. Volatility, as measured by the CBOE Volatility Index (VIX), reached levels not seen in more than 20 years and broke below 10 several times throughout the month. Although the Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) left its key benchmark rate unchanged in May, as was expected, the Federal Reserve (Fed) meeting minutes indicate that a June increase is likely, with Fed Funds futures traders pricing in over a 90% likelihood of a 25bps increase. The second estimate of first-quarter GDP of +1.2% was better than initially reported. Consumer spending, the largest part of the economy, was revised higher to +0.6%, which was double the +0.3% pace in the advance reading.

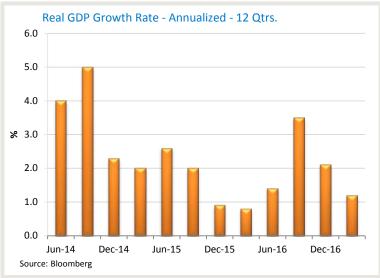
Within this context, domestic equities were mostly higher during the month. The S&P 500 gained +1.4%, pushing its year-to-date (YTD) return to +8.7%, while larger gains were seen in the tech-heavy NASDAQ Composite, which advanced +2.7%, and is now up +15.7% YTD. The Russell 2000 Index of small cap stocks underperformed relative to the Russell 1000 Index of large cap stocks, with a monthly return of -2 %, compared with +1.3%, respectively. Growth stocks outperformed value stocks, with 268bps of difference between the Russell 3000 Growth's return of +2.34% and the Russell 3000 Value's return of -0.34%. In terms of sector performance, the top performers were Information Technology and Utilities, with returns of +4.4% and +5.1%, respectively. Energy and Financials continued to struggle in 2017, with both sectors producing negative returns, -3.4% and -1.2%, respectively. Commodity prices declined by -1.34%, while REITs were down slightly, at -0.6%.

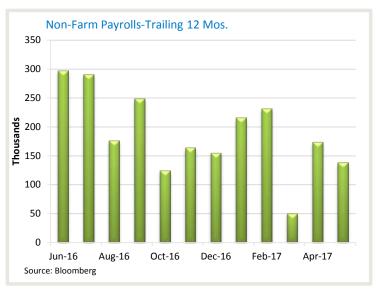
International equity markets mostly outperformed their domestic peers in May. The MSCI World ex-U.S. Index increased by +3.2% for the month and is now up +13.7% YTD. International developed markets rallied behind improved economic sentiment in Europe and the future of the European Union (EU), following the French election victory of Emmanuel Macron over Marine Le Pen. The MSCI EAFE Index, which measures performance of international developed markets, gained +3.7%. Emerging markets posted strong results, with a gain of +3% on the MSCI Emerging Markets Index, which is now up +17.3% YTD. Regionally, China, Europe, and EM Asia were the best relative performers, with returns of +5.3%, +4.9%, and +4.5%, respectively. EM Eastern Europe and EM Latin America were the poorest relative performers, losing -3.4%, and -2.4%, respectively.

**Fixed-income markets** mostly posted gains during the month. The yield on the 10-Year Treasury Note began the month at 2.28%, moved higher to 2.42% at one point, and closed at 2.20%, a drop of 8bps for the month. Investors flocked to treasuries mid-month, leading to yield contraction amid concerns that the Fed intends to raise rates despite potential delays in fiscal stimulus. Within this environment, the yield curve flattened in May, as intermediate- and long-term yields declined from April levels, while short-term yields mostly held steady. Broad-based fixed income posted gains, with the Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index increasing +0.8% for the month. Global fixed income markets performed slightly better, as the Barclays Global Aggregate ex-U.S. Index gained +2.2%. The Barclays U.S. Corporate High Yield Index increased by +0.9% and is now up +4.8% YTD. Municipals posted a gain of +1.6% during the month and are up 3.9% YTD.

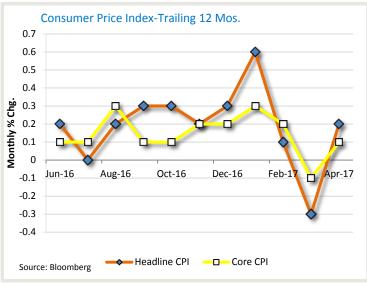
Tim Murphy VP, Portfolio Manager

### **Economic Data**

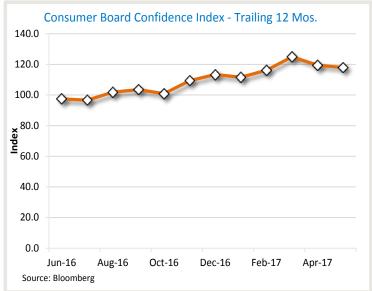












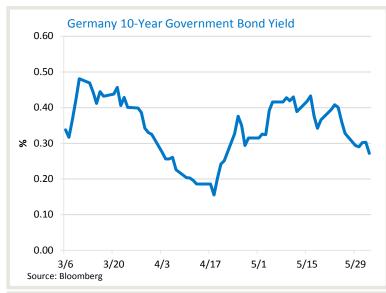
### **Eurozone**

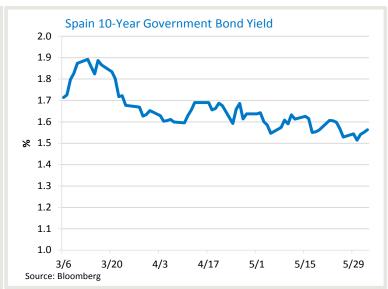
#### SELECTED EUROPEAN SOVEREIGN YIELD PERFORMANCE

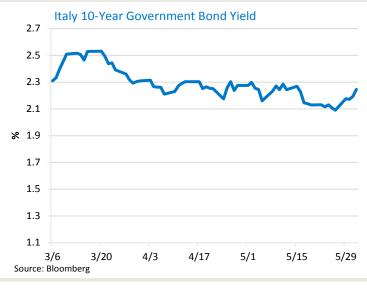
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Germany 10-Yr. Govt.	0.27	5 bps	NM	NM
Greece 10-Yr. Govt.	5.99	-5 bps	NM	NM
Italy 10-Yr. Govt.	2.25	-15 bps	NM	NM
Spain 10-Yr. Govt.	1.56	-3 bps	NM	NM
Belgium 10-Yr. Govt.	0.64	4 bps	NM	NM

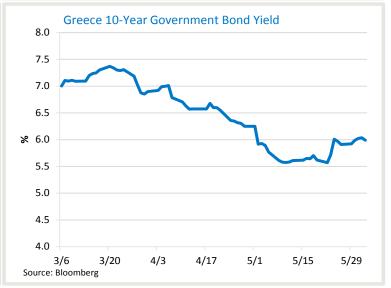
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
France 10-Yr. Govt.	0.71	5 bps	NM	NM
Ireland 10-Yr. Govt.	0.75	2 bps	NM	NM
Portugal 10-Yr. Govt.	3.01	10 bps	NM	NM
Netherlands 10-Yr. Govt.	0.49	5 bps	NM	NM
U.K. 10-Yr. Govt.	1.04	-3 bps	NM	NM

Source: Bloomberg Basis points (bps)









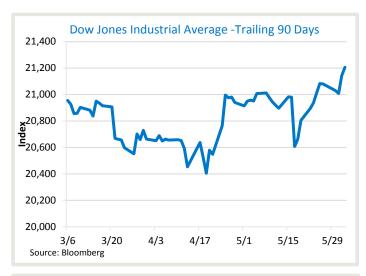
# **Equities**

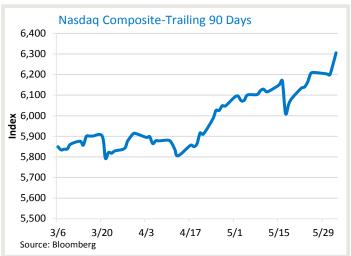
#### **WORLD MARKET PERFORMANCE**

Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
2,439.07	23.25	0.96%	8.94%
21,206.29	126.01	0.60%	7.31%
6,305.80	95.60	1.54%	17.14%
1,945.18	8.79	0.45%	10.4%
3,180.21	-24.12	-0.75%	16.4%
15,442.75	25.82	0.17%	1.01%
49,317.38	-357.54	-0.72%	8.05%
62,510.70	-1574.71	-2.46%	3.79%
392.55	1.20	0.31%	8.61%
7,547.63	0.00	0.00%	5.67%
10,905.90	1.70	0.02%	16.61%
	2,439.07 21,206.29 6,305.80 1,945.18 3,180.21 15,442.75 49,317.38 62,510.70 392.55 7,547.63	2,439.07 23.25 21,206.29 126.01 6,305.80 95.60 1,945.18 8.79 3,180.21 -24.12 15,442.75 25.82 49,317.38 -357.54 62,510.70 -1574.71 392.55 1.20 7,547.63 0.00	2,439.07     23.25     0.96%       21,206.29     126.01     0.60%       6,305.80     95.60     1.54%       1,945.18     8.79     0.45%       3,180.21     -24.12     -0.75%       15,442.75     25.82     0.17%       49,317.38     -357.54     -0.72%       62,510.70     -1574.71     -2.46%       392.55     1.20     0.31%       7,547.63     0.00     0.00%

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Swiss Market Index	9,043.96	1.93	0.02%	10.03%
CAC 40 Index (France)	5,343.41	6.77	0.13%	9.89%
DAX Index (Germany)	12,822.94	220.76	1.75%	11.69%
Irish Overall Index	7,044.84	71.01	1.02%	8.10%
Nikkei 225	20,177.28	490.44	2.49%	5.56%
Hang Seng Index	25,924.05	293.27	1.14%	17.83%
Shanghai Composite	3,105.54	41.46	1.35%	0.06%
Kospi Index (S. Korea)	2,371.72	16.42	0.70%	17.04%
Taiwan Taiex Index	10,152.53	50.58	0.50%	9.72%
Tel Aviv 25 Index	1,421.14	-2.21	-0.16%	-3.38%
MICEX Index (Russia)	1,881.87	-52.38	-2.71%	-15.71%

Source: Bloomberg; Index % change is based on price.









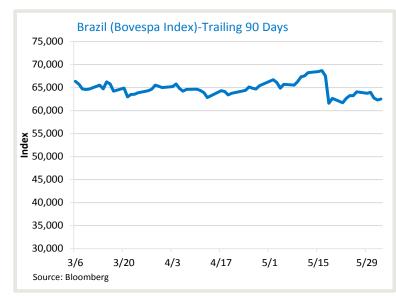
# **Equities – Emerging and Frontier Markets**

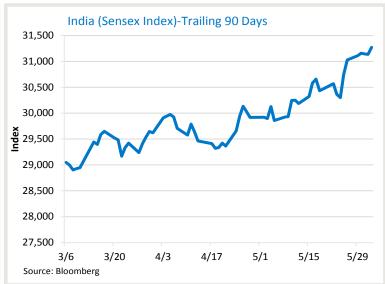
#### EMERGING AND FRONTIER MARKET PERFORMANCE

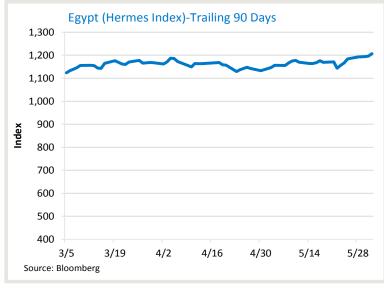
	LIVILITO IN A AND I HON				
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %	
Mexico IPC	49,317.38	-357.54	-0.7%	8.1%	
Brazil (Bovespa Index)	62,510.70	-1574.71	-2.5%	3.8%	
MICEX Index (Russia)	1,881.87	-52.38	-2.7%	-15.7%	
Czech Republic (Prague)	1,005.81	-10.43	-1.0%	9.1%	
Turkey (Istanbul)	98,867.90	1334.62	1.4%	26.5%	
Egypt (Hermes Index)	1,206.56	22.26	1.9%	10.8%	
Kenya (Nairobi 20 Index)	3,473.19	30.81	0.9%	9.0%	
Saudi Arabia (TASI Index)	6,863.62	-8.10	-0.1%	-4.8%	
Lebanon (Beirut BLOM Index)	1,164.60	8.74	0.8%	-3.9%	
Palestine	530.17	1.02	0.2%	0.0%	

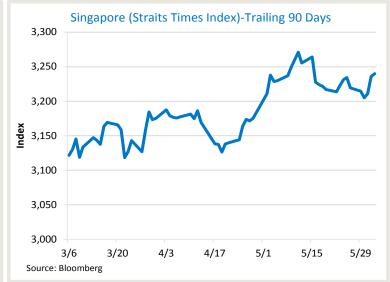
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Hang Seng Index	25,924.05	293.27	1.1%	17.8%
India (Sensex 30)	31,273.29	245.08	0.8%	17.5%
Malaysia (KLCI Index)	1,776.95	4.65	0.3%	8.2%
Singapore (Straits Times Index)	3,240.01	20.59	0.6%	12.5%
Thailand (SET Index)	1,567.60	-1.67	-0.1%	1.6%
Indonesia (Jakarta)	5,742.45	39.01	0.7%	8.4%
Pakistan (Karachi KSE 100)	48,555.30	-4081.57	-7.8%	1.6%
Vietnam (Ho Chi Minh)	738.81	-4.60	-0.6%	11.1%
Sri Lanka (Colombo)	6,689.07	-8.79	-0.1%	7.4%
Cambodia (Laos)	1,018.35	8.85	0.9%	0.4%

Source: Bloomberg; Index % change is based on price.









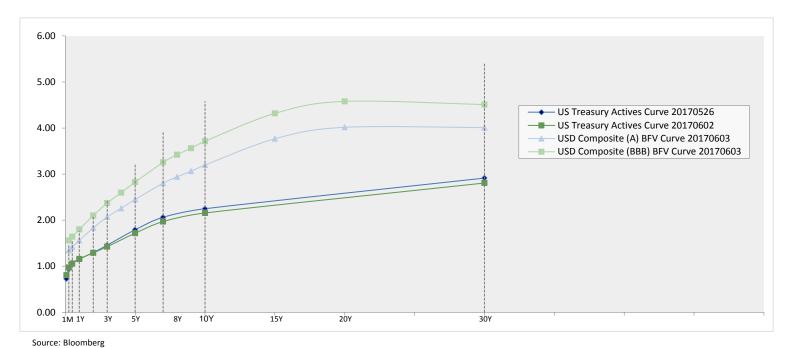
## **Interest Rates**

#### **SELECTED INTEREST RATES**

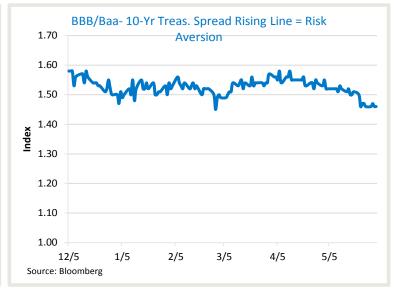
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
2-Yr. U.S. Treasury	1.29%	0 bps	NM	NM
5-Yr. U.S. Treasury	1.72%	-7 bps	NM	NM
10-Yr. U.S. Treasury	2.16%	-9 bps	NM	NM
30-Yr. U.S. Treasury	2.81%	-10 bps	NM	NM
German 10-Yr. Govt.	0.27%	5 bps	NM	NM
France 10-Yr.	0.71%	5 bps	NM	NM
Italy 10-Yr.	2.25%	-15 bps	NM	NM
Fed 5-Yr Fwd BE Inf.	1.85%	-3 bps	NM	NM

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Prime Rate	4.00%	0.00	NM	NM
Fed Funds Rate	1.00%	0.00	NM	NM
Discount Rate	1.50%	0.00	NM	NM
LIBOR (3 Mo.)	1.22%	2 bps	NM	NM
Bond Buyer 40 Muni	3.62%	-6 bps	NM	NM
Bond Buyer 40 G.O.	3.61%	NA	NM	NM
Bond Buyer 40 Rev.	3.79%	NA	NM	NM

Source: Bloomberg







## **Currencies**

### **SELECTED CURRENCY PERFORMANCE**

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Dollar Index	96.68	-0.762	-0.78%	-5.41%
Euro	1.13	0.010	0.89%	7.28%
Japanese Yen	110.42	-0.910	0.82%	5.92%
<b>British Pound</b>	1.29	0.008	0.62%	4.40%
<b>Canadian Dollar</b>	1.35	0.005	-0.36%	-0.40%

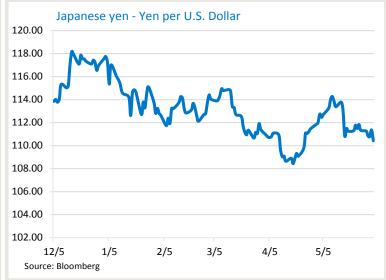
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Chinese Yuan	6.81	-0.046	0.67%	1.98%
Swiss Franc	0.96	-0.012	1.22%	5.88%
<b>New Zealand Dollar</b>	0.71	0.008	1.19%	3.04%
Brazilian Real	3.25	-0.007	0.22%	-0.08%
Mexican Peso	18.69	0.180	-0.96%	10.87%

Source: Bloomberg









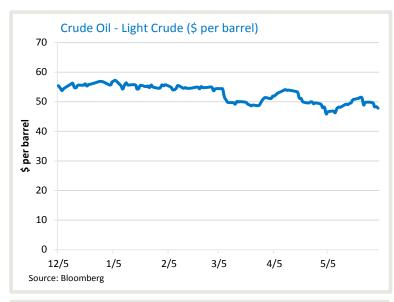
## **Commodities**

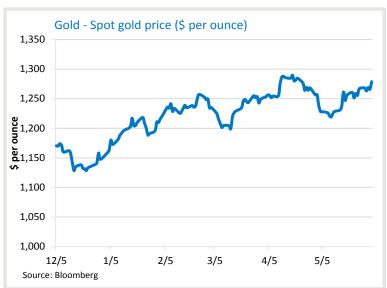
#### SELECTED COMMODITY MARKET PERFORMANCE

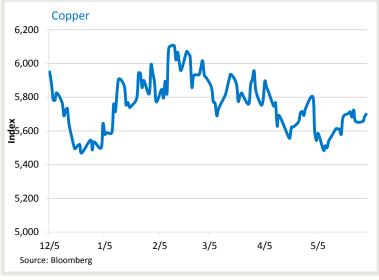
SELECTED CONTINUODIT								
Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %					
82.33	-1.68	-2.00%	-5.93%					
\$47.82	-\$1.95	-3.92%	-15.70%					
\$3.01	-\$0.30	-9.18%	-16.17%					
\$2.38	\$0.01	0.42%	1.97%					
148.56	-8.01	-5.11%	-15.41%					
\$1,278.49	\$11.93	0.94%	11.43%					
\$17.52	\$0.17	0.96%	9.98%					
	82.33 \$47.82 \$3.01 \$2.38 148.56 \$1,278.49	Last         Change           82.33         -1.68           \$47.82         -\$1.95           \$3.01         -\$0.30           \$2.38         \$0.01           148.56         -8.01           \$1,278.49         \$11.93	Last         Change         % Chg.           82.33         -1.68         -2.00%           \$47.82         -\$1.95         -3.92%           \$3.01         -\$0.30         -9.18%           \$2.38         \$0.01         0.42%           148.56         -8.01         -5.11%           \$1,278.49         \$11.93         0.94%					

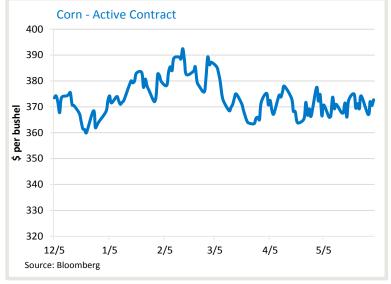
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Platinum Spot	\$954.32	-\$6.29	-0.65%	5.67%
Corn	372.75	3.50	0.95%	2.33%
Wheat	429.50	-1.25	-0.29%	-1.09%
Soybeans	921.25	-18.25	-1.94%	-9.59%
Sugar	13.74	-1.92	-12.26%	-27.11%
Orange Juice	132.50	-3.45	-2.54%	-30.24%
Aluminum	1,927.00	-24.00	-1.23%	13.82%
Copper	5,699.00	41.50	0.73%	2.95%

Source: Bloomberg; % change is based on price.









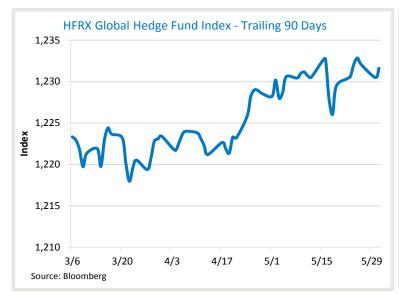
### **Alternative Investments**

#### SELECTED ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENT INDEX PERFORMANCE

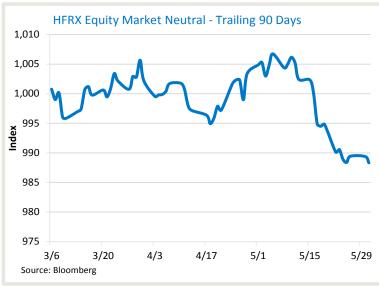
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
HFRX Global Hedge Fund Index	1231.62	-0.46	-0.04%	2.34%
HFRX Equity Market Neutral	988.31	-1.12	-0.11%	0.10%
HFRX Equity Hedge Index	1188.36	-2.88	-0.24%	2.85%
HFRX Event-Driven Index	1636.98	-0.01	0.00%	4.64%
HFRX Absolute Return Index	1041.61	0.40	0.04%	1.28%

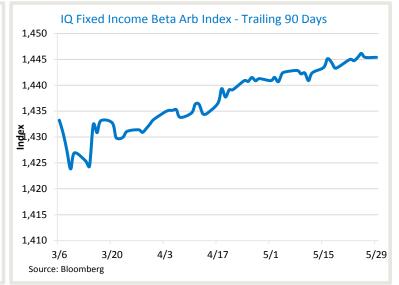
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
HFRX Distressed Index	1094.27	-1.27	-0.12%	1.98%
HFRX Merger Arbitrage Index	1829.03	0.58	0.03%	0.91%
HFRX Convertible Arbitrage Index	766.80	-1.11	-0.14%	3.26%
HFRX Macro CTA Index	1131.48	1.87	0.17%	-0.34%
IQ Fixed Income Beta Arb Index	1446.81	1.40	0.10%	1.89%

Source: Bloomberg; Index % change is based on price.

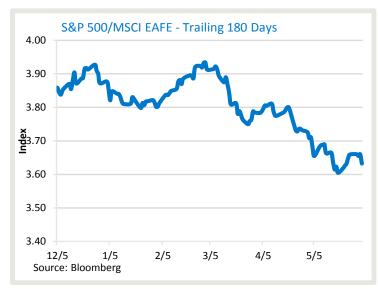


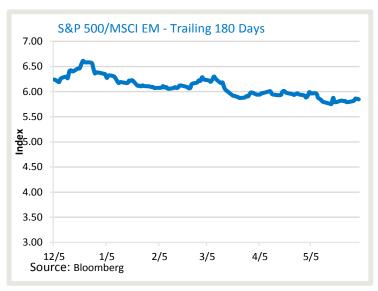


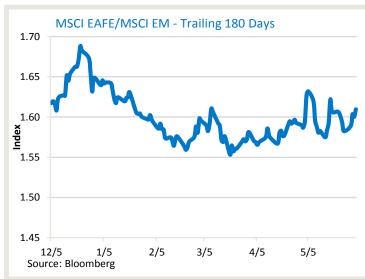




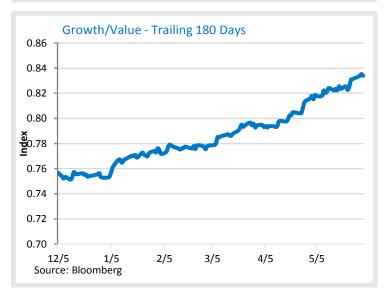
### **Portfolio Construction**



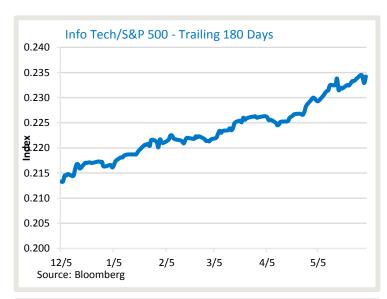


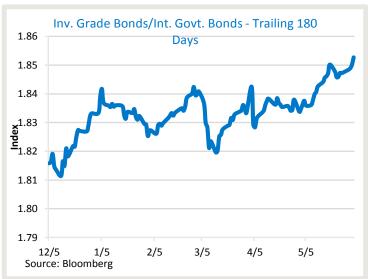


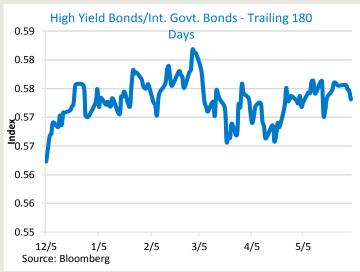


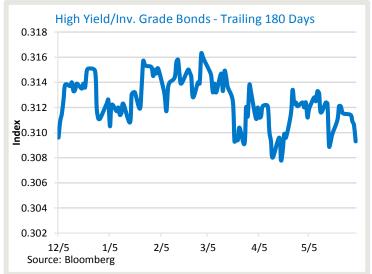


# **Portfolio Construction (continued)**









	WEEKLY ASSET CLASS PERFORMANCE (Prior 12 weeks ending Thursday)													
			3/16	3/23	3/30	4/6	4/13	4/20	4/27	5/4	5/11	5/18	5/25	6/1
ı	Domestic	Large Cap (R200)	0.58%	-1.57%	0.90%	-0.41%	-1.20%	1.01%	1.47%	0.24%	0.08%	-1.17%	2.09%	0.56%
Equity	Equity	Small Cap (R2000)	1.90%	- <b>2</b> .35%	2.14%	-1.30%	-1.41%	2.89%	2.38%	-2.00%	0.10%	-2.09%	1.64%	0.92%
Lquity	Int'l.	MSCI EAFE	2.80%	-0.21%	0.51%	-1.20%	-0.03%	0.21%	2.93%	0.94%	0.28%	0.55%	1.27%	0.12%
	Equity	MSCI Em. Mkts.	4.36%	0.49%	0.16%	-0.64%	-0.05%	-0.4 <b>6</b> %	2.21%	0.04%	2.07%	-1.20%	2.65%	-060%
Eivad	Income	BarCap Agg. (AGG)	-2.33%	4 11%	-1.66%	17.34%	29.55%	-4.73%	-2.04%	-3.28%	-1 23%	-1.56%	-7.92%	2.41%
rixeu	income	High Yield (JNK)	0.85%	-0.71%	1.59%	-0.54%	-0.16%	0.54%	0.62%	-0.81%	0.58%	0.03%	0.59%	-0 13%
Commodities		Bloomberg Commodity Index	0.35%	-0.33%	0.90%	0.47%	0.64%	-2.15%	-0.98%	-1.68%	1.11%	0.36%	0.34%	-1 48%
Alternatives		Hedge Funds (HFRX Global)	0.38%	-0.39%	0.28%	0.05%	-0.21%	0.17%	0.46%	-0.02%	0.17%	-0.38%	0.56%	-0 10%
Asset Allocation		60/40*	0.23%	0.69%	0.07%	5.57%	9.83%	-1.03%	0.54%	-1.17%	-0 22%	-1.08%	-1.63%	1.08%
		48/32/20 (w/Alts.)**	0.26%	0.47%	0.11%	4.47%	7.82%	-0.79%	0.53%	-0.94%	-0 14%	-0.94%	-1.19%	0.85%

Source: Bloomberg; \*60/40 portfolio = 30% Large Cap/10% Small Cap/15% EAFE/5% Emerging Markets/35% BarCap Agg./5% High Yield.

<sup>\*\*48/32/20</sup> portfolio = 24% Large Cap/8% Small Cap/12% EAFE/4% Emerging Markets/28% BarCap Agg./4% High Yield/20% HFRX Global Index.

	Large Cap	Large Cap	Large Cap	Mid Cap	Mid Cap	Mid Cap	Small Cap	Small Cap	Small Cap	Int'l.	Emerging				
	Core	Growth	Value	Core	Growth	Value	Core	Growth	Value	Developed	Markets	REITs	Comm.	Int. Bond	High Yield
Large Cap Core	1.00	0.89	1.19	1.06	0.98	1.15	1.18	1.10	1.26	0.95	1.04	1.18	1.50	1.24	1.12
Large Cap Growth	1.12	1.00	1.34	1.18	1.10	1.29	1.32	1.24	1.42	1.06	1.17	1.33	1.68	1.40	1.26
Large Cap Value	0.84	0.75	1.00	0.88	0.82	0.97	0.99	0.92	1.06	0.79	0.87	0.99	1.25	1.04	0.94
Mid Cap Core	0.95	0.84	1.13	1.00	0.93	1.09	1.12	1.04	1.20	0.90	0.98	1.12	1.42	1.18	1.06
Mid Cap Growth	1.02	0.91	1.22	1.08	1.00	1.18	1.20	1.13	1.29	0.97	1.06	1.21	1.53	1.27	1.15
Mid Cap Value	0.87	0.77	1.04	0.92	0.85	1.00	1.02	0.96	1.09	0.82	0.90	1.03	1.30	1.08	0.97
Small Cap Core	0.85	0.76	1.01	0.90	0.83	0.98	1.00	0.94	1.07	0.81	0.88	1.00	1.27	1.06	0.95
Small Cap Growth	0.91	0.81	1.08	0.96	0.89	1.05	1.07	1.00	1.15	0.86	0.94	1.07	1.36	1.13	1.02
Small Cap Value	0.79	0.71	0.95	0.84	0.78	0.91	0.93	0.87	1.00	0.75	0.82	0.94	1.19	0.99	0.89
Int'l. Developed	1.06	0.94	1.26	1.11	1.03	1.22	1.24	1.16	1.33	1.00	1.10	1.25	1.58	1.31	1.18
Emerging Markets	0.96	0.86	1.15	1.02	0.94	1.11	1.13	1.06	1.22	0.91	1.00	1.14	1.44	1.20	1.08
REITs	0.85	0.75	1.01	0.89	0.83	0.97	1.00	0.93	1.07	0.80	0.88	1.00	1.26	1.05	0.95
Commodities	0.67	0.60	0.80	0.71	0.65	0.77	0.79	0.74	0.84	0.63	0.69	0.79	1.00	0.83	0.75
Int. Bond	0.80	0.72	0.96	0.85	0.79	0.93	0.95	0.88	1.01	0.76	0.83	0.95	1.20	1.00	0.90
High Yield	0.89	0.79	1.07	0.94	0.87	1.03	1.05	0.98	1.13	0.85	0.93	1.05	1.33	1.11	1.00

Source: Bloomberg

The Relative Strength Matrix provides an indication of how the various asset classes have performed relative to one another over the past 30 days. A number greater than 1.0 indicates that the asset class in the far left column has outperformed the corresponding asset class in the top row over the past 30 days. A number below 1.0 means the asset class on the left has underperformed the asset class at the top. The green shading indicates outperformance, and the red shading indicates underperformance.

#### **Index Overview & Key Definitions**

Fed, The Fed or FED refers to the Federal Reserve System, the central bank of the United States. The Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) is the monetary policymaking body of the Federal Reserve System. Fed Funds Rate, the interest rate at which a depository institution lends funds maintained at the Federal Reserve to another depository institution overnight. The European Central Bank (ECB) is the central bank for Europe's single currency, the euro. The ECB's main task is to maintain the euro's purchasing power and thus price stability in the euro area. The euro area comprises the 19 European Union countries that have introduced the euro since 1999. The Gross Domestic Product (GDP) rate is a measurement of the output of goods and services produced by labor and property located in the United States. Basis Point(s) is a unit that is equal to 1/100th of 1%, and is used to denote the change in a financial instrument. The basis point is commonly used for calculating changes in interest rates, equity indexes and the yield of a fixed-income security. A separately managed account (SMA) is an individual managed investment account offered typically by a brokerage firm through one of their brokers or financial consultants and managed by independent investment management firms (often called money managers for short) and have varying fee structures. The Consumer Price Index (CPI) measures the change in the cost of a fixed basket of products and services. The Producer Price Index (PPI) program measures the average change over time in the selling prices received by domestic producers for their output. The prices included in the PPI are from the first commercial transaction for many products and some services. Core CPI is an additional CPI Index, excludes energy and food item price changes, and measures the "core" or "underlying" rate of inflation. The PCE (Personal Consumption Expenditure) Index of Prices is a US--wide indicator of the average increase in prices for all domestic personal consumption. Using a variety of data i

The Dow Jones Industrial Average (DOW or DJIA) is an unmanaged index of 30 common stocks comprised of 30 actively traded blue chip stocks, primarily industrials and assumes reinvestment of dividends. The S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged index comprised of 500 widely held securities considered to be representative of the stock market in general. The S&P/Case-Shiller Home Price Indices measure the residential housing market, tracking changes in the value of the residential real estate market in 20 metropolitan regions across the United States. The Nasdaq Composite Index is a stock market index of the common stocks and similar securities listed on the NASDAQ stock market. The US Dollar Index is a measure of the value of the United States dollar relative to a basket of foreign currencies. It is a weighted geometric mean of the dollar's value relative to other select currencies (Euro, Japanese yen, Pound sterling, Canadian dollar, Swedish krona (SEK) & Swiss franc). The Nikkei Index (Nikkei 225 or Nikkei) is a stock market index for the Tokyo Stock Exchange calculated daily by the Nihon Keizai Shimbun (Nikkei) newspaper since 1950. It is a price-weighted index (the unit is yen), and the components are reviewed once a year. The FTSE 100 Index (FTSE 100) is a share index of the 100 companies listed on the London Stock Exchange (LSE) with the highest market capitalization. The Bloomberg Commodity Index (formerly the Dow Jones-UBS Commodity Index) tracks prices of futures contracts on physical commodities on the commodity markets and is designed to minimize concentration in any one commodity or sector (currently 22 commodity futures in seven sectors). The Barclays Capital US Credit Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of publicly issued, SEC-registered US corporate and specified foreign debentures and secured notes. The Barclays Capital US Aggregate Bond Index is a market capitalization-weighted index of investment-grade, fixed-rate debt issues, including government, corporate, asset-backed, and mortgage-backed securities, with maturities of at least one year. The Barclays Capital US Corporate High Yield Index covers the USD-denominated, non-investment grade, fixed-rate, taxable corporate bond market. Securities are classified as high-yield if the middle rating of Moody's, Fitch and S&P is Ba1/BB+/BB+ or below. The index may include emerging market debt. The Barclays Capital Municipal Bond Index is an unmanaged index comprised of investment-grade, fixed-rate municipal securities representative of the tax-exempt bond market in general. The Barclays Capital US Treasury Total Return Index is an unmanaged index of public obligations of the US Treasury with a remaining maturity of one year or more. The Barclays Capital Global Aggregate ex-U.S. Index is a market capitalization-weighted index, meaning the securities in the index are weighted according to the market size of each bond type. Most U.S. traded investment grade bonds are represented. Municipal bonds, and Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities are excluded, due to tax treatment issues. The index includes Treasury securities, Government agency bonds, Mortgage-backed bonds, Corporate bonds, and a small amount of foreign bonds traded in U.S. The Barclays Capital U.S. 5-10 Year Corporate Bond Index measures the investment return of U.S. dollar denominated, investment-grade, fixed rate, taxable securities issued by industrial, utility, and financial companies with maturities between 5 and 10 years. Treasury securities, mortgage-backed securities (MBS) foreign bonds, government agency bonds and corporate bonds are some of the categories included in the index. The Barclays Capital U.S Corporate High-Yield Index is composed of fixed-rate, publicly issued, non-investment grade debt. The Barclays Capital U.S. Corporate 5-10 Year Index includes U.S. dollar-denominated, investment-grade, fixed-rate, taxable securities issued by industrial, utility, & financial companies, with maturities between 5 & 10 years. The DJ-UBS Commodity Index Total Return SM measures the collateralized returns from a basket of 19 commodity futures contracts representing the energy, precious metals, industrial metals, grains, softs and livestock sectors. The Russell 1000 Index is a market capitalization-weighted benchmark index made up of the 1000 largest U.S. companies in the Russell 3000 Index. The Russell 1000 Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of large-cap growth stocks. The Russell 1000 Value Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of large-cap value stocks. The Russell 2000 Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of small-cap stocks. The Russell 2000 Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of small-cap growth stocks. The Russell 2000 Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of small-cap value stocks. The Russell 3000 Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of the US stock market. The Russell Midcap Index is a subset of the Russell 1000 Index. It includes approximately 800 of the smallest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership. The Russell Midcap Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of mid-cap growth stocks. The Russell Midcap Value Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of mid-cap value stocks. The HFRX Indices are a series of benchmarks of hedge fund industry performance which are engineered to achieve representative performance of a larger universe of hedge fund strategies. Hedge Fund Research, Inc. employs the HFRX Methodology (UCITS compliant), a proprietary and highly quantitative process by which hedge funds are selected as constituents for the HFRX Indices. The University of Michigan Consumer Sentiment Index (MCSI) is a survey of consumer confidence conducted by the University of Michigan using telephone surveys to gather information on consumer expectations regarding the overall economy. The CBOE Volatility Index (VIX) is an up-to-the-minute market estimate of expected volatility that is calculated by using real-time S&P 500 Index option bid/ask quotes. The Index uses nearby and second nearby options with at least 8 days left to expiration and then weights them to yield a constant, 30-day measure of the expected volatility of the S&P 500 Index. The MSCI EAFE Index is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets outside of the U.S. & Canada. The MSCI EAFE Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of growth stocks of Europe, Australasia and the Far East. The MSCI EAFE Value Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of value stocks of Europe, Australasia and the Far East. The MSCI EM (Emerging Markets) Latin America Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of emerging markets in Latin America. The MSCI World ex-U.S. Index captures large and mid-cap representation across 22 of 23 Developed Markets (DM) countries - excluding the US. With 1,002 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in each country. The MSCI Japan Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid-cap segments of the Japanese market. With 320 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in Japan. The MSCI Emerging Markets Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure equity market performance in the global emerging markets. The MSCI Europe Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of stocks of developed European countries. The MSCI Pacific Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of the developed markets in the Pacific region. The Barclays Intermediate US Government/Credit Bond Index is a market capitalizationweighted index of investment-grade, fixed-rate debt issues, including Treasuries, government-related and U.S. corporate securities, with maturities of at least one year and less than 10 years. The Philadelphia Fed Manufacturing Index is a regional Federal Reserve Bank index measuring changes in business growth and is constructed from a survey of participants who voluntarily answer questions regarding the direction of change in their overall business activities. The ISM Non-Manufacturing Index is an index based on surveys of more than 400 non-manufacturing firms' purchasing and supply executives, within 60 sectors across the nation, by the Institute of Supply Management (ISM) and also tracks economic data, like the ISM Non-Manufacturing Business Activity Index. A composite diffusion index is created based on the data from these surveys that monitors economic conditions of the nation. The Housing Market Index (HMI) is based on a monthly survey of NAHB members designed to take the pulse of the single-family housing market. In May 2007, Markit's U.S. PMI research was extended out to cover producers of metal goods. In October 2009, Markit's U.S. Manufacturing PMI survey panel was extended further to cover all areas of U.S. manufacturing activity. The NY Empire State Index is an index based on the monthly survey of manufacturers in New York State – known as the Empire State Manufacturing Survey – conducted by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. The headline number for the NY Empire State Index refers to the survey's main index, which summarizes general business conditions in New York State. The Industrial Production Index is an economic indicator that measures real output for all facilities located in the United States manufacturing, mining, and electric, and gas utilities (excluding those in U.S. territories).

The information, analysis, and opinions expressed herein are for general and educational purposes only. Nothing contained in this weekly review is intended to constitute legal, tax, accounting, securities, or investment advice, nor an opinion regarding the appropriateness of any investment, nor a solicitation of any type. All investments carry a certain risk, and there is no assurance that an investment will provide positive performance over any period of time. An investor may experience loss of principal. Investment decisions should always be made based on the investor's specific financial needs and objectives, goals, time horizon, and risk tolerance. The asset classes and/or investment strategies described may not be suitable for all investors and investors should consult with an investment advisor to determine the appropriate investment strategy. Past performance is not indicative of future results.

Information obtained from third party sources are believed to be reliable but not guaranteed. Envestnet|PMC™ makes no representation regarding the accuracy or completeness of information provided herein. All opinions and views constitute our judgments as of the date of writing and are subject to change at any time without notice.

Investments in smaller companies carry greater risk than is customarily associated with larger companies for various reasons such as volatility of earnings and prospects, higher failure rates, and limited markets, product lines or financial resources. Investing overseas involves special risks, including the volatility of currency exchange rates and, in some cases, limited geographic focus, political and economic instability, and relatively illiquid markets. Income (bond) securities are subject to interest rate risk, which is the risk that debt securities in a portfolio will decline in value because of increases in market interest rates.

Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) are subject to risks similar to those of stocks, such as market risk. Investing in ETFs may bear indirect fees and expenses charged by ETFs in addition to its direct fees and expenses, as well as indirectly bearing the principal risks of those ETFs. ETFs may trade at a discount to their net asset value and are subject to the market fluctuations of their underlying investments. Investing in commodities can be volatile and can suffer from periods of prolonged decline in value and may not be suitable for all investors.

Index Performance is presented for illustrative purposes only and does not represent the performance of any specific investment product or portfolio. An investment cannot be made directly into an index.

Alternative Investments may have complex terms and features that are not easily understood and are not suitable for all investors. You should conduct your own due diligence to ensure you understand the features of the product before investing. Alternative investment strategies may employ a variety of hedging techniques and non-traditional instruments such as inverse and leveraged products. Certain hedging techniques include matched combinations that neutralize or offset individual risks such as merger arbitrage, long/short equity, convertible bond arbitrage and fixed-income arbitrage. Leveraged products are those that employ financial derivatives and debt to try to achieve a multiple (for example two or three times) of the return or inverse return of a stated index or benchmark over the course of a single day. Inverse products utilize short selling, derivatives trading, and other leveraged investment techniques, such as futures trading to achieve their objectives, mainly to track the inverse of their benchmarks. As with all investments, there is no assurance that any investment strategies will achieve their objectives or protect against losses.

Neither Envestnet, Envestnet|PMC™ nor its representatives render tax, accounting or legal advice. Any tax statements contained herein are not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used, for the purpose of avoiding U.S. federal, state, or local tax penalties. Taxpayers should always seek advice based on their own particular circumstances from an independent tax advisor.

© 2017 Envestnet Asset Management, Inc. All rights reserved.

#### **ABOUT ENVESTNET®**

Envestnet, Inc. (NYSE: ENV) is the leading provider of intelligent systems for wealth management and financial wellness. Envestnet's unified technology enhances advisor productivity and strengthens the wealth management process, delivering unparalleled flexibility, accuracy, performance, and value. Envestnet enables a transparent, independent, objective, and fiduciary standard of care, and empowers enterprises and advisors to more fully understand their clients and deliver better outcomes.

For more information on Envestnet, please visit www.envestnet.com.