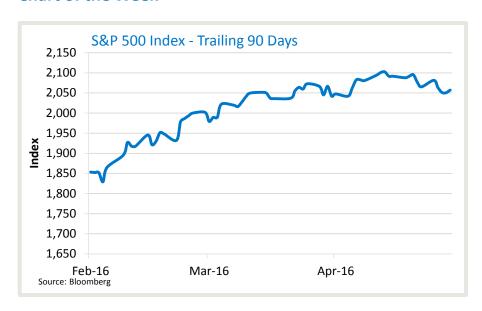


Weekly Market Review

May 6, 2016

Chart of the Week



Weekly Highlights

- Stocks posted modest losses. Broad market indices have retreated in recent sessions, in part due to slowing economic growth.
 Today's weak April employment report showed employers added 160,000 jobs in the month, far below consensus expectations. The unemployment rate remained steady at 5.0%, European markets dropped more than 3%, partly in reaction to lower commodity prices.
- U.S. Treasury yields were lower, as investors reacted to the payroll data and a climate of generally lackluster economic data.
- **Commodity indices rose sharply,** as crude oil surged by more than 4%. Precious metals, industrial metals, and grains also declined.

Talking Points

- Among equities, small caps underperformed large caps; value stocks outperformed growth stocks; and domestic stocks outperformed international equities.
 Developed markets outperformed emerging markets.
- Treasury prices were higher.
 The yield on the 10-year T-note declined on disappointing payroll data.
- Commodity indices declined, with energy, metals, and grains all delivering losses.
- The dollar was modestly higher against a basket of six major currencies.
- released, the April employment report showed that employers added 160,000 jobs, far below expectations; the unemployment rate remained at 5.0%; an index of manufacturing services declined more than forecast; non-manufacturing services rose slightly in April; construction spending rose during the month; and initial jobless claims trended higher.

Market Dashboard

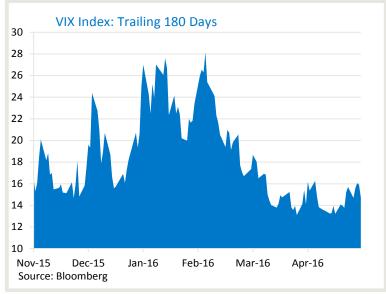
	Last Price	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
S&P 500	2,057.14	-8.16	-0.40%	0.6%
Dow Industrials	17,740.63	-33.01	-0.19%	1.8%
Nasdaq	4,736.16	-39.20	-0.82%	-5.4%
Russell 2000	1,114.72	-16.13	-1.43%	-1.9%
Euro Stoxx Index	331.67	-9.81	-2.87%	-9.3%
Shanghai Composite	2,913.25	-32.34	-1.10%	-17.7%
Russell Global	1,678.24	-33.17	-1.98%	-0.8%
Source: Bloomberg; Index % char	nge is based on p	orice.		

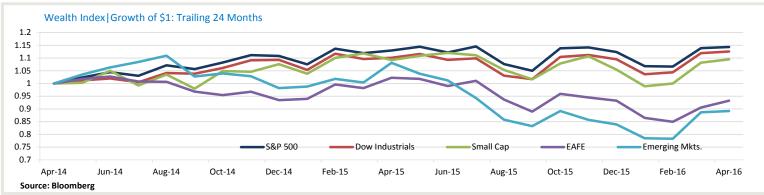
	Last Price	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Russell Global EM	2,574.19	-92.85	-3.48%	1.4%
10-Year US Treas.	1.78	-4 bps	NM	NM
DJ UBS Comm. ldx.	83.39	-2.13	-2.49%	6.2%
Gold	\$1,289.15	-\$4.66	-0.36%	21.5%
Crude Oil	\$44.61	-\$1.26	-2.74%	9.7%
Dollar Index	93.85	0.76	0.82%	-4.9%
VIX Index	14.72	-0.98	-6.24%	-19.2%

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2100 -	L remains
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2000 -	
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1850 -	
1800 -	
1750 -	
1700 -	
1650 -	
11	1/9 11/23 12/7 12/21 1/4 1/18 2/1 2/15 2/29 3/14 3/28 4/11 4/25

		One Weel	(YTD	
	Value		Growth	Value		Growth
L	-1.04%	-0.40%	0.21%	0.79%	-0.05%	-0.81%
	-0.63%	-0.72%	-0.81%	4.74%	2.02%	-0.68%
S	-0.71%	-1.43%	-2.18%	2.42%	-1.86%	-6.07%
	Source: B	loomberg				

	% Wgt in	Week %	
	S&P 500	Chg.	YTD % Chg
Consumer Discretionary	13.0	0.06%	1.39
Consumer Staples	10.4	174%	5.19
Energy	7.1	-2 95%	8.79
Financials	16.0	- <mark>0</mark> 74%	-3.29
Health Care	14.5	∙0 85%	-4.19
Industrials	10.1	<u>-1</u> 07%	4.19
Information Technology	19.8	011%	-3.39
Materials	2.9	<mark>-2</mark> 01%	5.99
Telecom Services	2.7	0.00%	11.59
Utilities	3.4	0.79%	12.69





The Economy and Markets

A Macro View - April Monthly Recap

Domestic equity markets were generally higher in April, but dispersion across the various dimensions has begun to re-emerge. Investors dealt with many of the same issues from prior months, including anemic global economic growth; slowing growth in the U.S.; uncertain U.S. interest rate policy and negative interest rates in some other parts of the world; and an unsatisfying domestic political environment. In addition, stock prices have rallied strongly from their mid-February lows, and many investors believe the rally may be due for at least a pause in light of muddled economic data. The April employment report, released today, was disappointing, as employers added only 160,000 jobs during the month, below consensus expectations of 200,000. The employment results reflect recent trends in domestic economic data, which has showed signs of slowing. The latest estimate of first quarter real gross domestic product (GDP) came in at +0.5%, below the +0.7% consensus forecast, and also short of the +1.4% growth of the fourth quarter of 2015.

Within this landscape, broad market indices were marginally higher, but the magnitude varied. The S&P 500 rose by +0.4%, and is now up +1.7% year-to-date following a +7.1% rally over the past three months. The Dow Jones Industrials (DJIA) edged higher, posting a gain of +0.6%. The tech-heavy Nasdaq Composite Index declined -1.9% as investors lightened allocations to technology stocks. The Russell 2000 Index of small cap stocks outpaced the Russell 1000 Index of large cap stocks, continuing a rebound in relative performance. Value stocks materially outperformed growth stocks. In terms of sector performance, the top performers were energy, materials, and financials, with returns of +8.7%, +5.0%, and +3.4%, respectively. Information technology and utilities were the poorest performers, with returns of -5.4% and -2.4%, respectively. Commodities rallied, jumping +8.5%. REITs lost ground in April, declining by -2.9%.

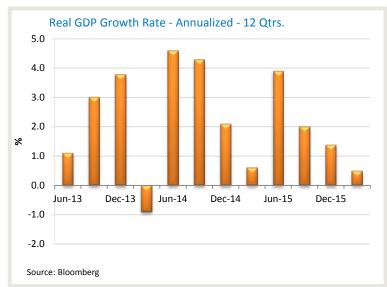
International equity markets also were mostly higher, with most regions outperforming U.S. equity indices. The MSCI World ex-U.S. Index rallied +3.2%. Emerging markets also edged higher, with the MSCI Emerging Markets Index advancing by +0.5%. The MSCI EAFE Index, which measures developed markets performance, gained +2.9%. Regionally, Latin America and Japan generated the best relative performance, advancing +6.0% and +4.7%, respectively. Asia and China were the poorest relative performers, declining by -1.3% and -0.2%, respectively.

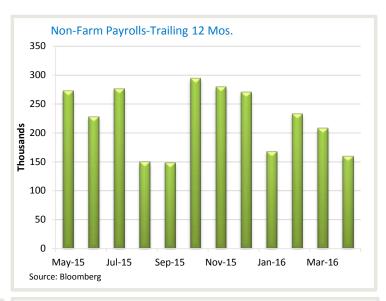
Fixed-income markets were also mostly higher, as investors attempted to navigate the economic and interest rate policy uncertainty. Yields were confined to a fairly narrow range throughout the month. Analysts and bond investors are attempting to assess just when the Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) may next raise interest rates, and the FOMC has been non-committal regarding raising them at its June meeting. Within this environment, the 10-year U.S. Treasury yield ended the month at 1.82%, up three basis points from the 1.79% level of March 31. Performance of broad-based fixed income indices was on balance higher, with the Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index advancing +0.4%. Global fixed income markets generated solid gains, with the Barclays Global Aggregate ex-U.S. Index advancing +2.0%. Intermediate-term corporate bonds were higher, as the Barclays U.S. Corporate 5-10 Year Index gained +1.3%. The Barclays U.S. Corporate High Yield Index jumped +3.9%. Municipals were also moderately higher, gaining +0.7%.

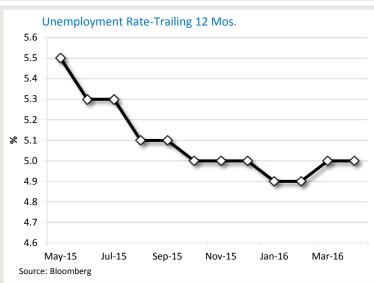
Brandon Thomas

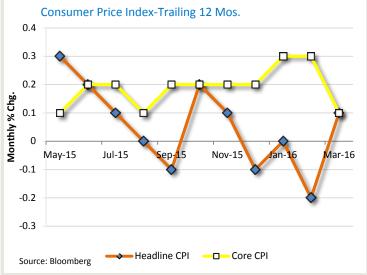
Chief Investment Officer

Economic Data

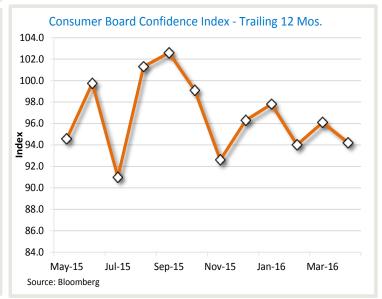












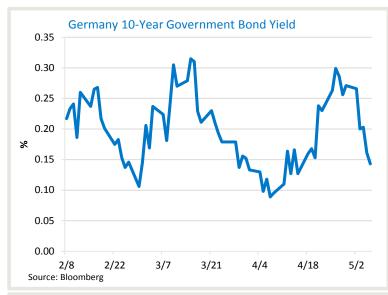
Eurozone

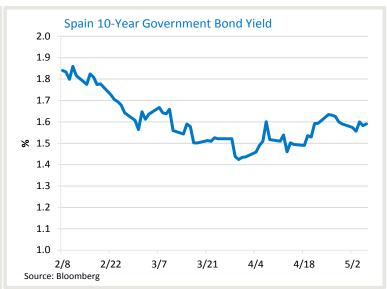
SELECTED EUROPEAN SOVEREIGN YIELD PERFORMANCE

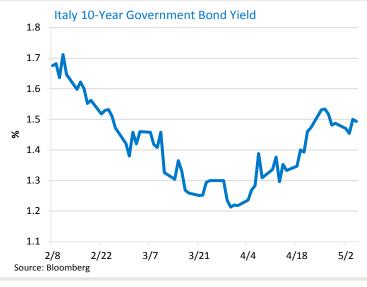
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Germany 10-Yr. Govt.	0.14	13 bps	NM	NM
Greece 10-Yr. Govt.	8.34	4 bps	NM	NM
Italy 10-Yr. Govt.	1.49	-1 bps	NM	NM
Spain 10-Yr. Govt.	1.59	0 bps	NM	NM
Belgium 10-Yr. Govt.	0.57	10 bps	NM	NM

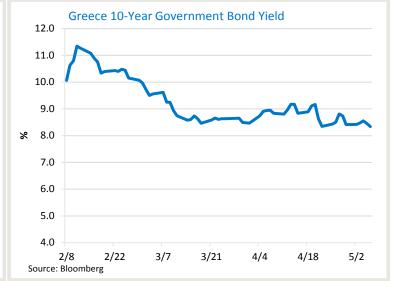
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
France 10-Yr. Govt.	0.52	11 bps	NM	NM
Ireland 10-Yr. Govt.	0.91	5 bps	NM	NM
Portugal 10-Yr. Govt.	3.30	-13 bps	NM	NM
Netherlands 10-Yr. Govt.	0.38	12 bps	NM	NM
U.K. 10-Yr. Govt.	1.42	16 bps	NM	NM

Source: Bloomberg Basis points (bps)









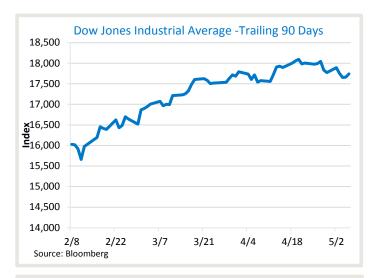
Equities

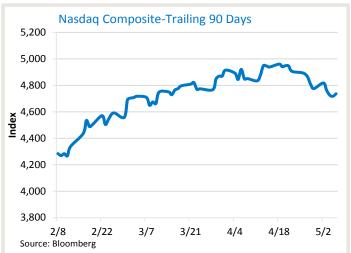
WORLD MARKET PERFORMANCE

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %	
S&P 500	2,057.14	-8.16	-0.40%	0.65%	
Dow Industrials	17,740.63	-33.01	-0.19%	1.81%	
Nasdaq Composite	4,736.16	-39.20	-0.82%	-5.42%	
Russell Global	1,678.24	-33.17	-1.98%	-0.8%	
Russell Global EM	2,574.19	-92.85	-3.48%	1.4%	
S&P/TSX (Canada)	13,701.47	-249.98	-1.79%	5.32%	
Mexico IPC	45,209.85	-574.92	-1.26%	5.19%	
Brazil Bovespa	51,717.82	-2192.69	-4.07%	19.30%	
Euro Stoxx 600	331.67	-9.81	-2.87%	-9.33%	
FTSE 100	6,125.70	-116.19	-1.86%	-1.87%	
IBEX 35 (Spain)	8,702.10	-323.60	-3.59%	-8.82%	

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Swiss Market Index	7,735.60	-225.25	-2.83%	-12.28%
CAC 40 Index (France)	4,301.24	-127.72	-2.88%	-7.24%
DAX Index (Germany)	9,869.95	-169.02	-1.68%	-8.13%
Irish Overall Index	6,038.90	-122.51	-1.99%	-11.08%
Nikkei 225	16,106.72	-1332.58	-7.64%	-15.38%
Hang Seng Index	20,109.87	-1278.16	-5.98%	-8.23%
Shanghai Composite	2,913.25	-32.34	-1.10%	-17.69%
Kospi Index (S. Korea)	1,976.71	-38.69	-1.92%	0.79%
Taiwan Taiex Index	8,146.43	-231.47	-2.76%	-2.30%
Tel Aviv 25 Index	1,410.84	-27.82	-1.93%	-7.71%
MICEX Index (Russia)	1,901.56	-51.49	-2.64%	7.96%

Source: Bloomberg; Index % change is based on price.









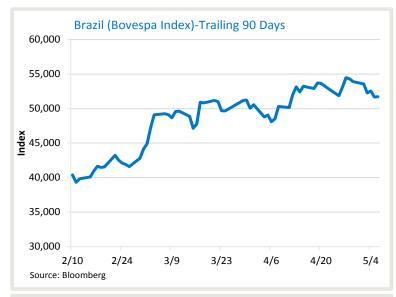
Equities – Emerging and Frontier Markets

EMERGING AND FRONTIER MARKET PERFORMANCE

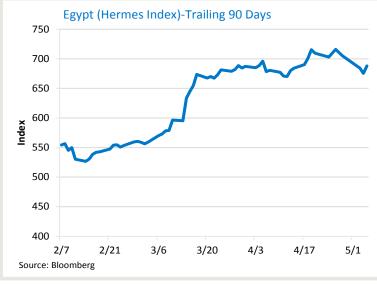
EMERGING AND TROP					
Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %		
45,209.85	-574.92	-1.3%	5.2%		
51,717.82	-2192.69	-4.1%	19.3%		
1,901.56	-51.49	-2.6%	8.0%		
867.79	-48.25	-5.3%	-9.3%		
78,368.06	-6959.73	-8.2%	9.3%		
687.92	-16.90	-2.4%	9.1%		
3,964.65	-44.61	-1.1%	-1.9%		
6,656.41	-149.43	-2.2%	-3.7%		
1,151.76	-2.67	-0.2%	-1.5%		
500.50	-0.44	-0.1%	-6.0%		
	45,209.85 51,717.82 1,901.56 867.79 78,368.06 687.92 3,964.65 6,656.41 1,151.76	Last Change 45,209.85 -574.92 51,717.82 -2192.69 1,901.56 -51.49 867.79 -48.25 78,368.06 -6959.73 687.92 -16.90 3,964.65 -44.61 6,656.41 -149.43 1,151.76 -2.67	Last Change % Chg. 45,209.85 -574.92 -1.3% 51,717.82 -2192.69 -4.1% 1,901.56 -51.49 -2.6% 867.79 -48.25 -5.3% 78,368.06 -6959.73 -8.2% 687.92 -16.90 -2.4% 3,964.65 -44.61 -1.1% 6,656.41 -149.43 -2.2% 1,151.76 -2.67 -0.2%		

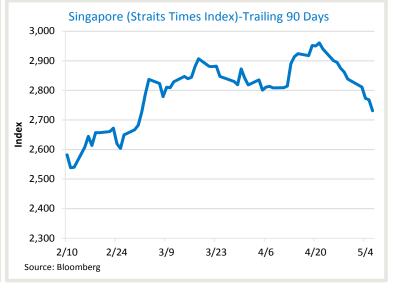
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Hang Seng Index	20,109.87	-1278.16	-6.0%	-8.2%
India (Sensex 30)	25,228.50	-378.12	-1.5%	-3.4%
Malaysia (KLCI Index)	1,649.36	-25.40	-1.5%	-2.5%
Singapore (Straits Times Index)	2,730.80	-131.50	-4.6%	-5.3%
Thailand (SET Index)	1,390.70	-28.08	-2.0%	8.0%
Indonesia (Jakarta)	4,822.60	-23.06	-0.5%	5.0%
Pakistan (Karachi KSE 100)	35,973.68	1254.39	3.6%	9.6%
Vietnam (Ho Chi Minh)	606.52	12.56	2.1%	4.7%
Sri Lanka (Colombo)	6,592.45	149.92	2.3%	-4.4%
Cambodia (Laos)	1,141.47	20.35	1.8%	-2.7%

Source: Bloomberg; Index % change is based on price.









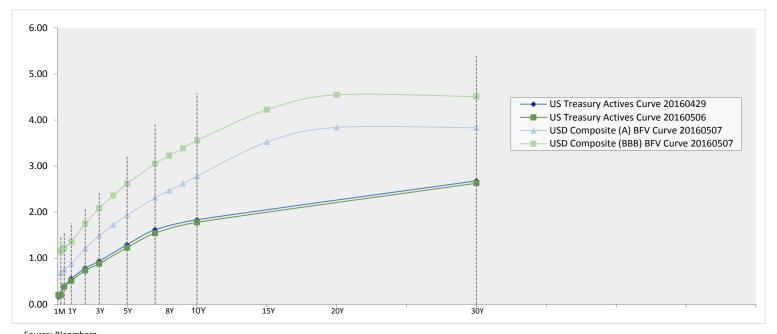
Interest Rates

SELECTED INTEREST RATES

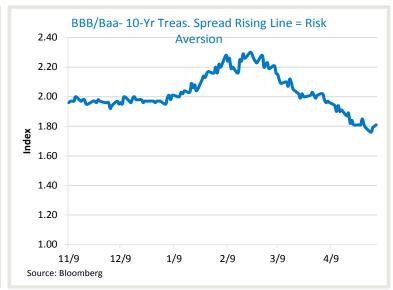
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
2-Yr. U.S. Treasury	0.73%	1 bps	NM	NM
5-Yr. U.S. Treasury	1.24%	-4 bps	NM	NM
10-Yr. U.S. Treasury	1.78%	-4 bps	NM	NM
30-Yr. U.S. Treasury	2.63%	-4 bps	NM	NM
German 10-Yr. Govt.	0.14%	13 bps	NM	NM
France 10-Yr.	0.52%	11 bps	NM	NM
Italy 10-Yr.	1.49%	-1 bps	NM	NM
Fed 5-Yr Fwd BE Inf.	1.65%	-9 bps	NM	NM

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Prime Rate	3.50%	0.00	NM	NM
Fed Funds Rate	0.50%	0.00	NM	NM
Discount Rate	1.00%	0.00	NM	NM
LIBOR (3 Mo.)	0.63%	0 bps	NM	NM
Bond Buyer 40 Muni	3.05%	-5 bps	NM	NM
Bond Buyer 40 G.O.	3.32%	NA	NM	NM
Bond Buyer 40 Rev.	3.54%	NA	NM	NM

Source: Bloomberg







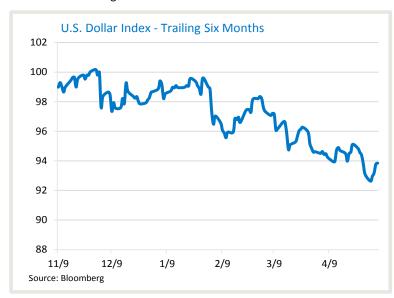
Currencies

SELECTED CURRENCY PERFORMANCE

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Dollar Index	93.85	0.760	0.82%	-4.86%
Euro	1.14	-0.005	-0.43%	4.97%
Japanese Yen	107.10	0.610	-0.57%	12.24%
British Pound	1.44	-0.019	-1.27%	-2.10%
Canadian Dollar	1.29	0.035	-2.71%	7.23%

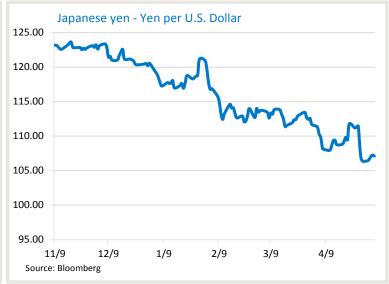
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Chinese Yuan	6.50	0.018	-0.28%	-0.04%
Swiss Franc	0.97	0.013	-1.32%	3.02%
New Zealand Dollar	0.68	-0.014	-1.93%	0.16%
Brazilian Real	3.51	0.068	-1.95%	13.03%
Mexican Peso	17.88	0.698	-3.90%	-3.73%

Source: Bloomberg









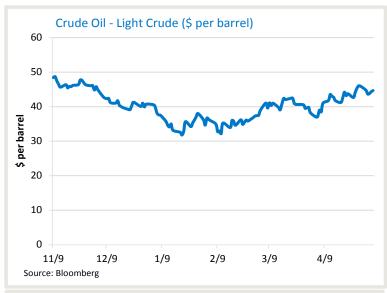
Commodities

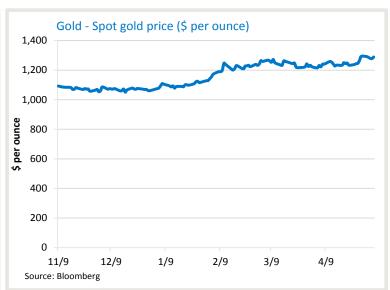
SELECTED COMMODITY MARKET PERFORMANCE

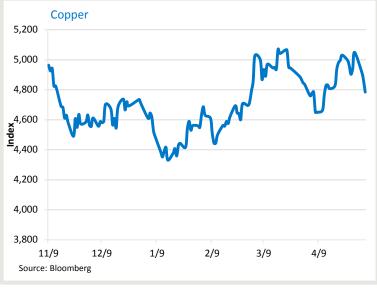
		JLLI	CILD CO	IVIIVIODITI
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Bloomberg Comm. ldx.	83.39	-2.13	-2.49%	6.15%
Rogers Int. Comm. Idx.	2130.71	-61.00	-2.78%	5.55%
Crude Oil	\$44.62	-\$1.26	-2.74%	9.70%
Natural Gas	\$2.10	-\$0.08	-3.67%	-14.99%
Gasoline (\$/Gal.)	\$2.22	\$0.01	0.54%	11.22%
Heating Oil	133.56	-4.99	-3.60%	9.93%
Gold Spot	\$1,289.10	-\$4.66	-0.36%	21.47%
Silver Spot	\$17.49	-\$0.36	-2.01%	26.29%

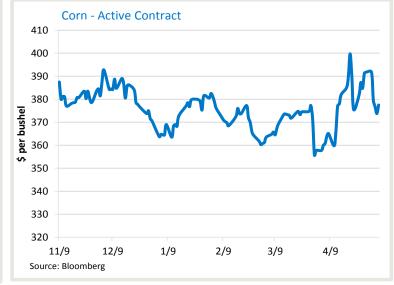
Last	Chanas		
	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
\$1,079.04	\$2.75	0.26%	21.04%
377.50	-14.25	-3.64%	1.89%
463.75	-24.75	-5.07%	-4.04%
1,034.75	5.00	0.49%	18.02%
15.74	-0.58	-3.55%	7.51%
140.60	12.15	9.46%	-2.70%
1,608.50	-70.50	-4.20%	6.74%
4,785.00	-265.00	-5.25%	1.70%
	\$1,079.04 377.50 463.75 1,034.75 15.74 140.60 1,608.50	\$1,079.04 \$2.75 377.50 -14.25 463.75 -24.75 1,034.75 5.00 15.74 -0.58 140.60 12.15 1,608.50 -70.50	\$1,079.04 \$2.75 0.26% 377.50 -14.25 -3.64% 463.75 -24.75 -5.07% 1,034.75 5.00 0.49% 15.74 -0.58 -3.55% 140.60 12.15 9.46% 1,608.50 -70.50 -4.20%

Source: Bloomberg; % change is based on price.









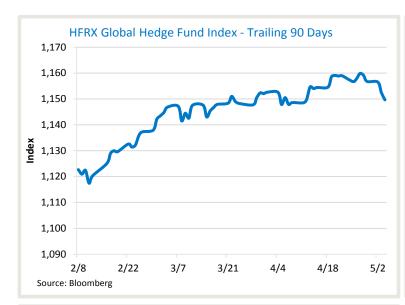
Alternative Investments

SELECTED ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENT INDEX PERFORMANCE

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
HFRX Global Hedge Fund Index	1149.66	-7.11	-0.61%	-2.08%
HFRX Equity Market Neutral	999.01	4.58	0.46%	-3.95%
HFRX Equity Hedge Index	1110.75	-10.00	-0.89%	-3.77%
HFRX Event-Driven Index	1390.75	-6.31	-0.45%	-1.25%
HFRX Absolute Return Index	1020.58	0.51	0.05%	-0.46%

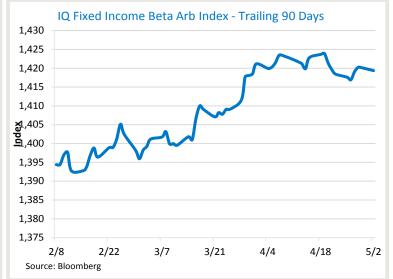
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
HFRX Distressed Index	918.59	-1.95	-0.21%	2.49%
HFRX Merger Arbitrage Index	1769.44	1.71	0.10%	1.82%
HFRX Convertible Arbitrage Index	707.86	-0.04	-0.01%	0.81%
HFRX Macro CTA Index	1165.51	-8.90	-0.76%	-0.35%
IQ Fixed Income Beta Arb Index	1421.11	1.01	0.07%	2.45%

Source: Bloomberg; Index % change is based on price.

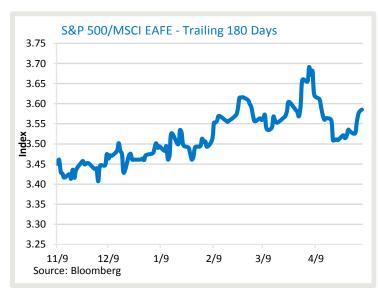


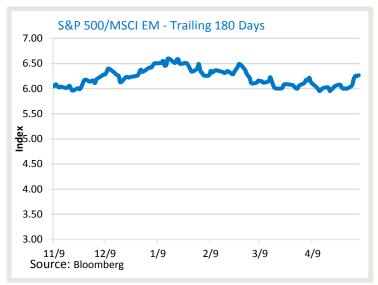


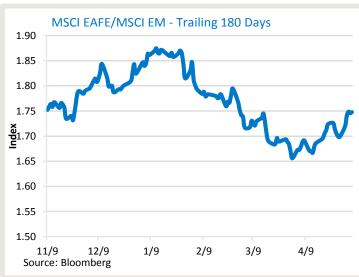




Portfolio Construction



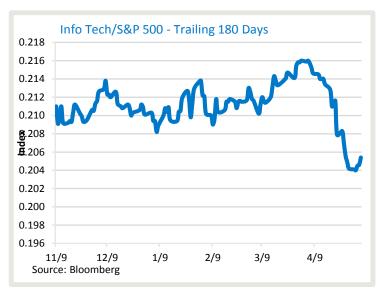


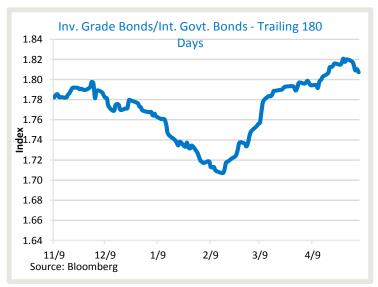


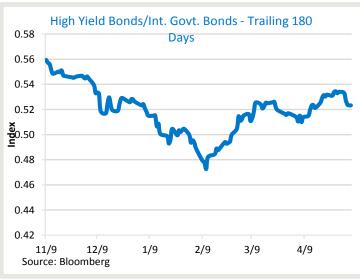


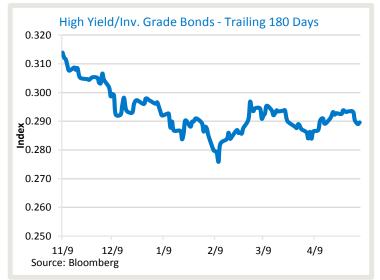


Portfolio Construction (continued)











Source: Bloomberg; *60/40 portfolio = 30% Large Cap/10% Small Cap/15% EAFE/5% Emerging Markets/35% BarCap Agg./5% High Yield.

^{**48/32/20} portfolio = 24% Large Cap/8% Small Cap/12% EAFE/4% Emerging Markets/28% BarCap Agg./4% High Yield/20% HFRX Global Index.

RELATIVE STRENGTH MATRIX (BASED ON 30-DAY RSI))
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	Large Cap Core	Large Cap Growth	Large Cap Value	Mid Cap Core	Mid Cap Growth	Mid Cap Value	Small Cap Core	Small Cap Growth	Small Cap Value	Int'l. Developed	Emerging Markets	REITs	Comm.	Int. Bond	High Yield
Large Cap Core	1.00	1.03	0.98	0.95	1.01	0.91	1.00	1.05	0.96	1.04	1.03	0.84	0.92	0.86	0.94
Large Cap Growth	0.97	1.00	0.95	0.93	0.98	0.89	0.97	1.02	0.93	1.01	1.00	0.82	0.89	0.83	0.91
Large Cap Value	1.02	1.05	1.00	0.98	1.03	0.93	1.02	1.07	0.98	1.07	1.06	0.86	0.94	0.88	0.96
Mid Cap Core	1.05	1.08	1.03	1.00	1.05	0.96	1.05	1.10	1.00	1.09	1.08	0.88	0.96	0.90	0.98
Mid Cap Growth	0.99	1.02	0.97	0.95	1.00	0.91	1.00	1.04	0.95	1.04	1.03	0.84	0.91	0.85	0.93
Mid Cap Value	1.09	1.13	1.07	1.04	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.15	1.05	1.14	1.13	0.92	1.00	0.94	1.03
Small Cap Core	1.00	1.03	0.98	0.95	1.00	0.91	1.00	1.05	0.95	1.04	1.03	0.84	0.91	0.85	0.93
Small Cap Growth	0.95	0.98	0.93	0.91	0.96	0.87	0.96	1.00	0.91	1.00	0.99	0.80	0.87	0.82	0.89
Small Cap Value	1.05	1.08	1.02	1.00	1.05	0.96	1.05	1.10	1.00	1.09	1.08	0.88	0.96	0.90	0.98
Int'l. Developed	0.96	0.99	0.94	0.91	0.96	0.87	0.96	1.00	0.92	1.00	0.99	0.81	0.88	0.82	0.90
Emerging Markets	0.97	1.00	0.95	0.92	0.97	0.88	0.97	1.01	0.92	1.01	1.00	0.81	0.89	0.83	0.91
REITs	1.19	1.22	1.16	1.13	1.19	1.08	1.19	1.25	1.13	1.24	1.23	1.00	1.09	1.02	1.11
Commodities	1.09	1.12	1.07	1.04	1.10	1.00	1.09	1.14	1.04	1.14	1.13	0.92	1.00	0.93	1.02
Int. Bond	1.17	1.20	1.14	1.11	1.17	1.07	1.17	1.23	1.12	1.22	1.21	0.98	1.07	1.00	1.09
High Yield	1.07	1.10	1.04	1.02	1.07	0.97	1.07	1.12	1.02	1.11	1.10	0.90	0.98	0.91	1.00

Source: Bloomberg

The Relative Strength Matrix provides an indication of how the various asset classes have performed relative to one another over the past 30 days. A number greater than 1.0 indicates that the asset class in the far left column has outperformed the corresponding asset class in the top row over the past 30 days. A number below 1.0 means the asset class on the left has underperformed the asset class at the top. The green shading indicates outperformance, and the red shading indicates underperformance.

Index Overview & Key Definitions

Fed, The Fed or FED refers to the Federal Reserve System, the central bank of the United States. The Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) is the monetary policymaking body of the Federal Reserve System. Fed Funds Rate, the interest rate at which a depository institution lends funds maintained at the Federal Reserve to another depository institution overnight. The European Central Bank (ECB) is the central bank for Europe's single currency, the euro. The ECB's main task is to maintain the euro's purchasing power and thus price stability in the euro area. The euro area comprises the 19 European Union countries that have introduced the euro since 1999. The Gross Domestic Product (GDP) rate is a measurement of the output of goods and services produced by labor and property located in the United States. Basis Point(s) is a unit that is equal to 1/100th of 1%, and is used to denote the change in a financial instrument. The basis point is commonly used for calculating changes in interest rates, equity indexes and the yield of a fixed-income security. A separately managed account (SMA) is an individual managed investment account offered typically by a brokerage firm through one of their brokers or financial consultants and managed by independent investment management firms (often called money managers for short) and have varying fee structures. The Consumer Price Index (CPI) measures the change in the cost of a fixed basket of products and services. The Producer Price Index (PPI) program measures the average change over time in the selling prices received by domestic producers for their output. The prices included in the PPI are from the first commercial transaction for many products and some services. Core CPI is an additional CPI Index, excludes energy and food item price changes, and measures the "core" or "underlying" rate of inflation. The PCE (Personal Consumption Expenditure) Index of Prices is a US--wide indicator of the average increase in prices for all domestic personal consumption. Using a variety of data i

The Dow Jones Industrial Average (DOW or DJIA) is an unmanaged index of 30 common stocks comprised of 30 actively traded blue chip stocks, primarily industrials and assumes reinvestment of dividends. The S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged index comprised of 500 widely held securities considered to be representative of the stock market in general. The S&P/Case-Shiller Home Price Indices measure the residential housing market, tracking changes in the value of the residential real estate market in 20 metropolitan regions across the United States. The Nasdag Composite Index is a stock market index of the common stocks and similar securities listed on the NASDAQ stock market. The US Dollar Index is a measure of the value of the United States dollar relative to a basket of foreign currencies. It is a weighted geometric mean of the dollar's value relative to other select currencies (Euro, Japanese yen, Pound sterling, Canadian dollar, Swedish krona (SEK) & Swiss franc). The Nikkei Index (Nikkei 225 or Nikkei) is a stock market index for the Tokyo Stock Exchange calculated daily by the Nihon Keizai Shimbun (Nikkei) newspaper since 1950. It is a price-weighted index (the unit is yen), and the components are reviewed once a year. The FTSE 100 Index (FTSE 100) is a share index of the 100 companies listed on the London Stock Exchange (LSE) with the highest market capitalization. The Bloomberg Commodity Index (formerly the Dow Jones-UBS Commodity Index) tracks prices of futures contracts on physical commodities on the commodity markets and is designed to minimize concentration in any one commodity or sector (currently 22 commodity futures in seven sectors). The Barclays Capital US Credit Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of publicly issued, SEC-registered US corporate and specified foreign debentures and secured notes. The Barclays Capital US Aggregate Bond Index is a market capitalization-weighted index of investment-grade, fixed-rate debt issues, including government, corporate, asset-backed, and mortgage-backed securities, with maturities of at least one year. The Barclays Capital US Corporate High Yield Index covers the USD-denominated, non-investment grade, fixed-rate, taxable corporate bond market. Securities are classified as high-yield if the middle rating of Moody's, Fitch and S&P is Ba1/BB+/BB+ or below. The index may include emerging market debt. The Barclays Capital Municipal Bond Index is an unmanaged index comprised of investment-grade, fixed-rate municipal securities representative of the tax-exempt bond market in general. The Barclays Capital US Treasury Total Return Index is an unmanaged index of public obligations of the US Treasury with a remaining maturity of one year or more. The Barclays Capital Global Aggregate ex-U.S. Index is a market capitalization-weighted index, meaning the securities in the index are weighted according to the market size of each bond type. Most U.S. traded investment grade bonds are represented. Municipal bonds, and Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities are excluded, due to tax treatment issues. The index includes Treasury securities, Government agency bonds, Mortgage-backed bonds, Corporate bonds, and a small amount of foreign bonds traded in U.S. The Barclays Capital U.S. 5-10 Year Corporate Bond Index measures the investment return of U.S. dollar denominated, investment-grade, fixed rate, taxable securities issued by industrial, utility, and financial companies with maturities between 5 and 10 years. Treasury securities, mortgage-backed securities (MBS) foreign bonds, government agency bonds and corporate bonds are some of the categories included in the index. The Barclays Capital U.S Corporate High-Yield Index is composed of fixed-rate, publicly issued, non-investment grade debt. The Barclays Capital U.S. Corporate 5-10 Year Index includes U.S. dollar-denominated, investment-grade, fixed-rate, taxable securities issued by industrial, utility, & financial companies, with maturities between 5 & 10 years. The DJ-UBS Commodity Index Total Return SM measures the collateralized returns from a basket of 19 commodity futures contracts representing the energy, precious metals, industrial metals, grains, softs and livestock sectors. The Russell 1000 Index is a market capitalization-weighted benchmark index made up of the 1000 largest U.S. companies in the Russell 3000 Index. The Russell 1000 Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of large-cap growth stocks. The Russell 1000 Value Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of large-cap value stocks. The Russell 2000 Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of small-cap stocks. The Russell 2000 Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of smallcap growth stocks. The Russell 2000 Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of small-cap value stocks. The Russell 3000 Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of the US stock market. The Russell Midcap Index is a subset of the Russell 1000 Index. It includes approximately 800 of the smallest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership. The Russell Midcap Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of mid-cap growth stocks. The Russell Midcap Value Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of mid-cap value stocks. The HFRX Indices are a series of benchmarks of hedge fund industry performance which are engineered to achieve representative performance of a larger universe of hedge fund strategies. Hedge Fund Research, Inc. employs the HFRX Methodology (UCITS compliant), a proprietary and highly quantitative process by which hedge funds are selected as constituents for the HFRX Indices. The University of Michigan Consumer Sentiment Index (MCSI) is a survey of consumer confidence conducted by the University of Michigan using telephone surveys to gather information on consumer expectations regarding the overall economy. The CBOE Volatility Index (VIX) is an up-to-the-minute market estimate of expected volatility that is calculated by using real-time S&P 500 Index option bid/ask quotes. The Index uses nearby and second nearby options with at least 8 days left to expiration and then weights them to yield a constant, 30-day measure of the expected volatility of the S&P 500 Index. The MSCI EAFE Index is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets outside of the U.S. & Canada. The MSCI EAFE Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of growth stocks of Europe, Australasia and the Far East. The MSCI EAFE Value Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of value stocks of Europe, Australasia and the Far East. The MSCI EM (Emerging Markets) Latin America Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of emerging markets in Latin America. The MSCI World ex-U.S. Index captures large and mid-cap representation across 22 of 23 Developed Markets (DM) countries - excluding the US. With 1,002 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in each country. The MSCI Japan Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid-cap segments of the Japanese market. With 320 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in Japan. The MSCI Emerging Markets Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure equity market performance in the global emerging markets. The MSCI Europe Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of stocks of developed European countries. The MSCI Pacific Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of the developed markets in the Pacific region. The Barclays Intermediate US Government/Credit Bond Index is a market capitalization-weighted index of investment-grade, fixed-rate debt issues, including Treasuries, government-related and U.S. corporate securities, with maturities of at least one year and less than 10 years. The Philadelphia Fed Manufacturing Index is a regional Federal Reserve Bank index measuring changes in business growth and is constructed from a survey of participants who voluntarily answer questions regarding the direction of change in their overall business activities. The ISM Non-Manufacturing Index is an index based on surveys of more than 400 non-manufacturing firms' purchasing and supply executives, within 60 sectors across the nation, by the Institute of Supply Management (ISM) and also tracks economic data, like the ISM Non-Manufacturing Business Activity Index. A composite diffusion index is created based on the data from these surveys that monitors economic conditions of the nation. The Housing Market Index (HMI) is based on a monthly survey of NAHB members designed to take the pulse of the single-family housing market. In May 2007, Markit's U.S. PMI research was extended out to cover producers of metal goods. In October 2009, Markit's U.S. Manufacturing PMI survey panel was extended further to cover all areas of U.S. manufacturing activity. Back data for Markit's U.S. Manufacturing PMI between May 2007 and September 2009 are an aggregation of data collected from producers of electronic goods and metal goods producers, while data from October 2009 are based on data collected from a panel representing the entire U.S. manufacturing economy. Markit's total U.S. Manufacturing PMI survey panel comprises over 600 companies. (as of 04.22.16)

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