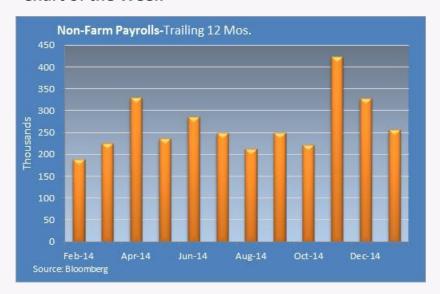


Chart of the Week



Weekly Highlights

- Domestic stocks rebounded sharply on the week. Broad domestic equity indices posted their biggest weekly gain of the year, as today's positive employment report provided further evidence that the U.S. economy is strong. Employers added 257,000 jobs in January, on top of an addition of 329,000 in December. The unemployment rate inched higher because more job-seekers were lured into the job market. In addition, with almost 65% of S&P 500 companies so far having reported, more than 77% have beaten analyst earnings estimates.
- Global markets followed U.S. markets higher. World
 markets also posted solid gains for the week, with European
 stocks advancing each day this week. Emerging markets also
 advanced as oil rebounded. China stocks fell for the third
 week in a row on growth concerns.
- Treasury prices were sharply lower for the week. The yield on the benchmark 10-year U.S. Treasury surged as investors digested positive economic data.
- Commodity indices rallied this week. Crude oil has staged the biggest two-week rally since 1998. Metals declined, but grains were higher.

Talking Points

- Among equities, large-caps underperformed small-caps, and value stocks outperformed growthoriented issues. Domestic stocks outperformed international equities. Developed markets outperformed emerging market stocks.
- Treasury prices were significantly lower this week. The yield on the 10-year T-note surged.
- Commodity prices jumped on the week. Energy surged, metals declined and grains rose.
- The dollar was lower this week against a basket of currencies.
- Among economic data released this week, the January employment report showed more jobs were added than forecast; the unemployment rate rose modestly; factory orders declined more than expected; manufacturing fell in January; non-manufacturing services also eased; and initial jobless claims declined in the latest week.

MARKET DASHBOARD

	Last Price	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
S&P 500	2,055.47	67.53	3.38%	0.2%
Dow Industrials	17,824.29	728.98	4.25%	0.4%
Nasdaq	4,744.40	128.85	2.78%	0.6%
Russell 2000	1,205.46	43.31	3.72%	0.3%
Euro Stoxx Index	373.31	5.88	1.60%	8.9%
Shanghai Composite	3,075.91	-134.46	-4.19%	-4.9%
Russell Global	1,742.13	49.67	2.92%	1.3%

Source: Bloomberg; Index % change is based on price.

	Last Price	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Russell Global EM	3,051.86	55.85	1.86%	2.4%
10-Year US Treas.	1.94	23 bps	NM	NM
DJ UBS Comm. ldx.	102.65	1.79	1.77%	-1.6%
Gold	\$1,234.04	-\$41.57	-3.24%	4.9%
Crude Oil	\$52.34	\$2.93	6.07%	-4.7%
Dollar Index	94.70	-0.34	-0.36%	4.6%
VIX Index	17.29	-4.12	-19.65%	-12.2%

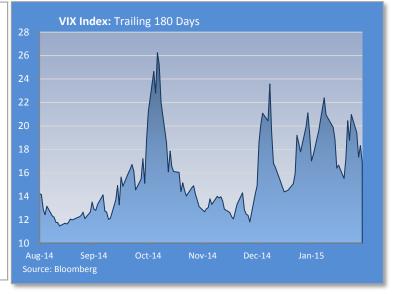
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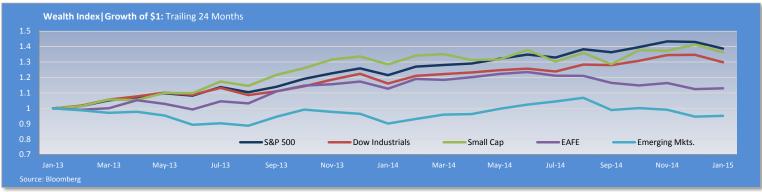
	One Week						
	Value		Growth				
L	3.83%	3.45%	3.08%				
	3.42%	3.26%	3.12%				
S	4.14%	3.72%	3.31%				

	YTD				
Value	Growth				
-1.62%	-0.06%	1.48%			
1.88%	1.60%	1.34%			
-0.26%	0.33%	0.92%			

Source: Bloomberg

	% Wgt in	Week %	
	S&P 500	Chg.	YTD % Chg
Consumer Discretionary	12.2	4.41%	1.19
Consumer Staples	9.9	2.63%	1.39
Energy	8.5	5.99%	0.89
Financials	16.2	4.81%	-2.5%
Health Care	14.7	1.39%	2.69
Industrials	10.3	3 .30%	-0.5%
Information Technology	19.5	3.22%	-0.8%
Materials	3.3	4.78%	2.7%
Telecom Services	2.3	5.47%	3.1%
Utilities	3.3	-0.01%	2.3%





THE ECONOMY AND MARKETS

A Macro View - January Monthly Recap

Domestic equity markets got off to a rough start in 2015, in a similar scenario to 2014. Stocks tumbled right out of the gate as concerns about economic growth in international regions began to creep into U.S. markets. The S&P 500 index shed more than 3% in the first two weeks of trading before stabilizing somewhat. Economic data continued to trend higher, with real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and employment remaining key drivers of market activity. The first estimate of fourth quarter real GDP came in at +2.6%, slightly below the forecast of 3.0%. Earnings season also began favorably, with about 77% of S&P 500 companies beating analysts' earnings estimates. Crude oil staged a recovery at the end of the month, generating its largest two-week rally since 1998.

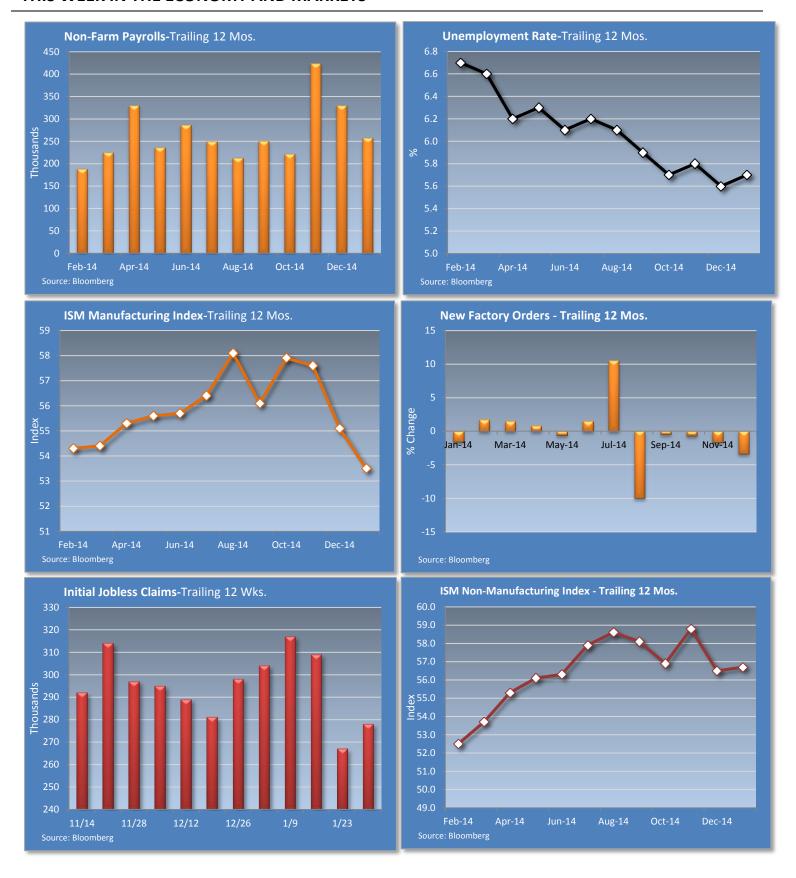
With this environment as a backdrop, stocks posted generally negative results in January. The S&P 500 declined -3.0% for the month, it's second straight negative monthly return. The Dow Jones Industrials shed -3.6% gain for the month. The techheavy Nasdaq Composite Index declined -2.1% in January. The Russell 2000 Index of small cap stocks was weak on a relative basis during the month, being outperformed by the Russell 1000 Index of large cap stocks, with returns of -3.2% and -2.8%, respectively. Growth stocks outperformed value stocks during the month. In terms of sector performance, the top performers in the month were utilities, health care and consumer staples with returns of +2.4%, +1.2% and -1.1%, respectively. Financials and energy were the poorest performers, with returns of -6.9% and -4.8%, respectively.

International equity markets fared, on balance, somewhat better than domestic U.S. indices in January. Markets responded to the announcement by the European Central Bank (ECB) that it would commence a U.S.-style asset purchase program amounting to about \$1.3 trillion. The program was initiated to try to invigorate the tepid eurozone economy. The MSCI World ex-U.S. Index declined -0.3% for the month. Emerging markets posted slight gains in January, in part due to a rebound in oil prices in the latter half of the month. The MSCI Emerging Markets Index advanced +0.6% for the month, and the MSCI EAFE Index, which measures developed markets performance, was up +0.5%. Regionally, Asia was the best performer on a relative basis, advancing +2.4%. Latin America and Eastern Europe were among the poorest performers, with results of -6.2% and -2.1%, respectively.

Fixed-income markets fared well in January, as economic growth concerns caused investors to seek the safe haven of U.S. fixed income. Against this backdrop, the 10-year U.S. Treasury yield ended the month at 1.67%, down fifty basis points from the 2.17% level of December 31st. Broad-based fixed-income indices were higher in January, with the Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index gaining +2.1% for the month. Once again, global fixed-income markets performed relatively poorly, with the Barclays Global Aggregate ex-U.S. Index declining -1.8% for the month. Intermediate-term corporate bonds jumped, as the Barclays U.S. Corporate 5-10 Year Index shot up 3.0%. The Barclays U.S. Corporate High Yield Index ended the month with a gain of +0.7%. Municipals continue to generate positive performance, returning +1.8% for the month.

Brandon Thomas
Chief Investment Officer

THIS WEEK IN THE ECONOMY AND MARKETS



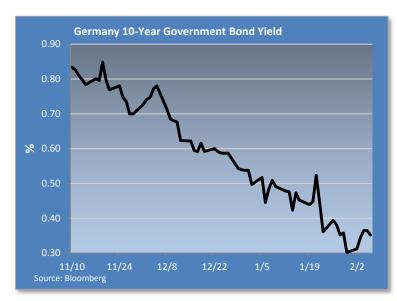
EUROZONE

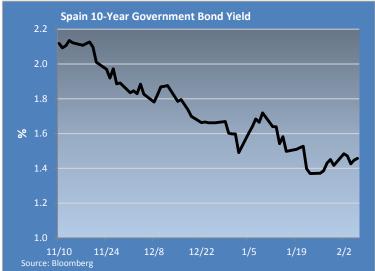
SELECTED EUROPEAN SOVEREIGN YIELD PERFORMANCE

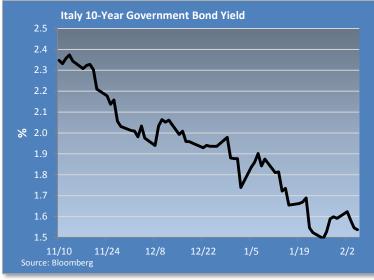
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Germany 10-Yr. Govt.	0.35	-5 bps	NM	NM
Greece 10-Yr. Govt.	9.88	48 bps	NM	NM
Italy 10-Yr. Govt.	1.55	4 bps	NM	NM
Spain 10-Yr. Govt.	1.46	-4 bps	NM	NM
Belgium 10-Yr. Govt.	0.65	-5 bps	NM	NM

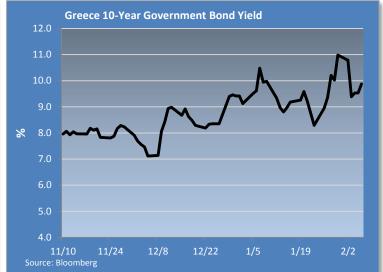
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
France 10-Yr. Govt.	0.59	-5 bps	NM	NM
Ireland 10-Yr. Govt.	1.17	-5 bps	NM	NM
Portugal 10-Yr. Govt.	2.39	22 bps	NM	NM
Netherlands 10-Yr. Govt.	0.41	-5 bps	NM	NM
U.K. 10-Yr. Govt.	1.59	-25 bps	NM	NM

Source: Bloomberg Basis points (bps)









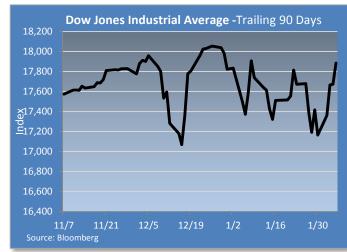
EQUITIES

WORLD MARKET PERFORMANCE

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %	
S&P 500	2,055.47	67.53	3.38%	0.18%	
Dow Industrials	17,824.29	728.98	4.25%	0.40%	
Nasdaq Composite	4,744.40	128.85	2.78%	0.59%	
Russell Global	1,742.13	49.67	2.92%	1.3%	
Russell Global EM	3,051.86	55.85	1.86%	2.4%	
S&P/TSX (Canada)	15,083.92	451.44	3.08%	3.37%	
Mexico IPC	42,715.43	1503.06	3.67%	-1.60%	
Brazil Bovespa	48,792.27	1727.02	3.68%	-2.75%	
Euro Stoxx 600	373.31	5.88	1.60%	8.87%	
FTSE 100	6,853.44	112.19	1.66%	4.50%	
IBEX 35 (Spain)	10,573.10	158.70	1.53%	2.75%	

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Swiss Market Index	8,587.99	202.57	2.42%	-4.40%
CAC 40 Index (France)	4,691.03	89.39	1.94%	9.85%
DAX Index (Germany)	10,846.39	148.78	1.39%	10.58%
Irish Overall Index	5,613.38	87.07	1.59%	6.39%
Nikkei 225	17,648.50	-25.89	-0.15%	1.13%
Hang Seng Index	24,679.39	172.34	0.70%	4.55%
Shanghai Composite	3,075.91	-134.46	-4.19%	-4.91%
Kospi Index (S. Korea)	1,955.52	6.26	0.32%	2.08%
Taiwan Taiex Index	9,456.18	94.27	1.01%	1.60%
Tel Aviv 25 Index	1,461.33	13.48	0.93%	-0.25%
MICEX Index (Russia)	1,755.45	112.31	6.82%	26.02%

 $Source: Bloomberg; Index\,\%\,change\,is\,based\,on\,price.$









EQUITIES – EMERGING AND FRONTIER MARKETS

EMERGING AND FRONTIER MARKET PERFORMANCE

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Mexico IPC	42,715.43	1503.06	3.7%	-1.6%
Brazil (Bovespa Index)	48,792.27	1727.02	3.7%	-2.7%
MICEX Index (Russia)	1,755.45	112.31	6.8%	26.0%
Czech Republic (Prague)	979.15	22.43	2.3%	3.3%
Turkey (Istanbul)	84,987.42	-3674.11	-4.1%	-0.5%
Egypt (Hermes Index)	914.98	11.50	1.3%	9.7%
Kenya (Nairobi 20 Index)	5,280.72	68.61	1.3%	3.3%
Saudi Arabia (TASI Index)	9,180.11	301.57	3.4%	10.2%
Lebanon (Beirut BLOM Index)	1,190.62	19.69	1.7%	1.7%
Palestine	498.19	-3.24	-0.7%	-0.9%

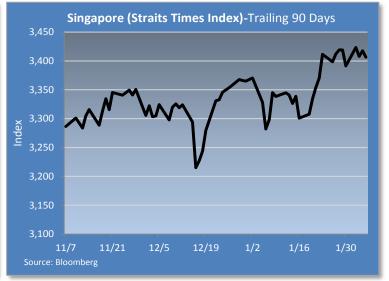
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Hang Seng Index	24,679.39	172.34	0.7%	4.6%
India (Sensex 30)	28,717.91	-465.04	-1.6%	4.4%
Malaysia (KLCI Index)	1,813.25	31.07	1.7%	3.0%
Singapore (Straits Times Index)	3,431.36	40.16	1.2%	2.0%
Thailand (SET Index)	1,613.63	32.38	2.0%	7.7%
Indonesia (Jakarta)	5,342.52	53.11	1.0%	2.2%
Pakistan (Karachi KSE 100)	34,656.94	213.07	0.6%	7.9%
Vietnam (Ho Chi Minh)	574.13	-1.94	-0.3%	5.2%
Sri Lanka (Colombo)	7,162.75	-232.54	-3.1%	-1.9%
Cambodia (Laos)	1,397.32	-4.79	-0.3%	-1.2%

 $Source: Bloomberg; Index\,\%\,change\,is\,based\,o\,n\,price.$









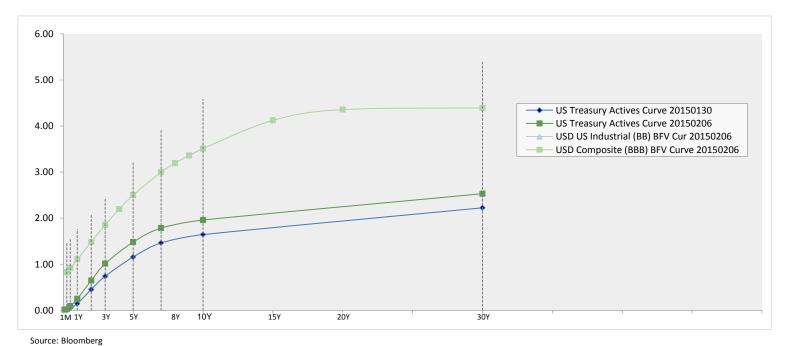
INTEREST RATES

SELECTED INTEREST RATES

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
2-Yr. U.S. Treasury	0.61%	-3 bps	NM	NM
5-Yr. U.S. Treasury	1.46%	24 bps	NM	NM
10-Yr. U.S. Treasury	1.94%	23 bps	NM	NM
30-Yr. U.S. Treasury	2.52%	22 bps	NM	NM
German 10-Yr. Govt.	0.35%	-5 bps	NM	NM
France 10-Yr.	0.59%	-5 bps	NM	NM
Italy 10-Yr.	1.55%	4 bps	NM	NM
Fed 5-Yr Fwd BE Inf.	1.75%	0 bps	NM	NM

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Prime Rate	3.25%	0.00	NM	NM
Fed Funds Rate	0.25%	0.00	NM	NM
Discount Rate	0.75%	0.00	NM	NM
LIBOR (3 Mo.)	0.26%	0 bps	NM	NM
Bond Buyer 40 Muni	3.48%	17 bps	NM	NM
Bond Buyer 40 G.O.	3.49%	NA	NM	NM
Bond Buyer 40 Rev.	4.16%	NA	NM	NM

Source: Bloomberg







CURRENCIES

SELECTED CURRENCY PERFORMANCE

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Dollar Index	94.70	-0.441	-0.47%	4.54%
Euro	1.13	0.005	0.45%	-6.25%
Japanese Yen	119.12	1.340	-1.13%	0.80%
British Pound	1.52	0.019	1.24%	-2.12%
Canadian Dollar	1.25	-0.026	2.09%	-6.82%

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Chinese Yuan	6.24	-0.006	0.10%	-0.63%
Swiss Franc	0.93	0.008	-0.82%	7.17%
New Zealand Dollar	0.74	0.010	1.38%	-5.59%
Brazilian Real	2.78	0.089	-3.20%	-4.12%
Mexican Peso	14.85	-0.097	0.65%	-0.86%

Source: Bloomberg









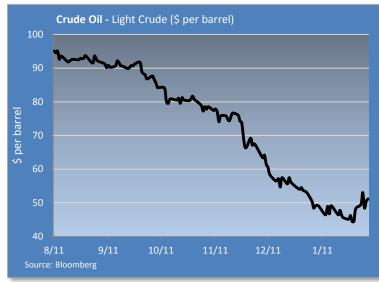
COMMODITIES

SELECTED COMMODITY MARKET PERFORMANCE

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
DJ UBS Comm. ldx.	102.65	1.79	1.77%	-1.63%
Rogers Int. Comm. ldx.	2671.72	141.77	5.60%	-4.33%
Crude Oil	\$52.22	\$2.93	6.07%	-4.71%
Natural Gas	\$2.57	-\$0.09	-3.38%	-10.22%
Gasoline (\$/Gal.)	\$2.17	\$0.11	5.45%	-3.30%
Heating Oil	184.39	13.10	7.70%	0.80%
Gold Spot	\$1,234.04	-\$41.57	-3.24%	4.88%
Silver Spot	\$16.73	-\$0.31	-1.82%	7.79%

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Platinum Spot	\$1,223.75	-\$10.93	-0.88%	1.87%
Corn	385.75	16.75	4.53%	-2.58%
Wheat	527.00	26.75	5.32%	-10.22%
Soybeans	973.50	20.50	2.13%	-4.10%
Sugar	14.51	-0.15	-1.01%	0.83%
Orange Juice	136.30	-3.90	-2.79%	-2.65%
Aluminum	1,885.00	21.00	1.13%	1.75%
Copper	5,720.00	225.00	4.09%	-9.21%

Source: Bloomberg; % change is based on price.









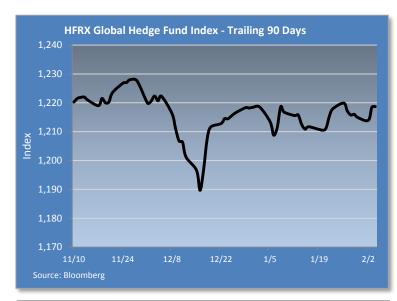
ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENTS

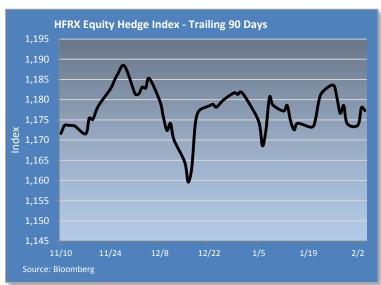
SELECTED ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENT INDEX PERFORMANCE

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
HFRX Global Hedge Fund Index	1213.90	3.76	0.31%	0.02%
HFRX Equity Market Neutral	989.49	2.26	0.23%	0.35%
HFRX Equity Hedge Index	1174.06	3.23	0.28%	-0.39%
HFRX Event-Driven Index	1490.97	11.57	0.78%	-0.80%
HFRX Absolute Return Index	1002.99	1.06	0.11%	0.71%

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
HFRX Distressed Index	994.01	2.27	0.23%	-1.45%
HFRX Merger Arbitrage Index	1623.50	1.02	0.06%	1.49%
HFRX Convertible Arbitrage Index	699.05	0.37	0.05%	-0.24%
HFRX Macro CTA Index	1216.18	-3.86	-0.32%	1.67%
IQ Fixed Income Beta Arb Index	1397.61	-2.24	-0.16%	1.12%

Source: Bloomberg; Index % change is based on price.









PORTFOLIO CONSTRUCTION



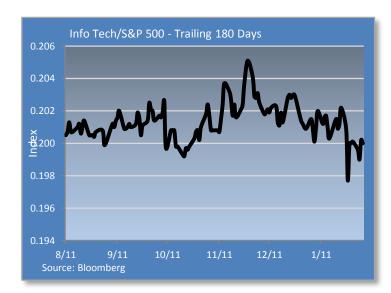








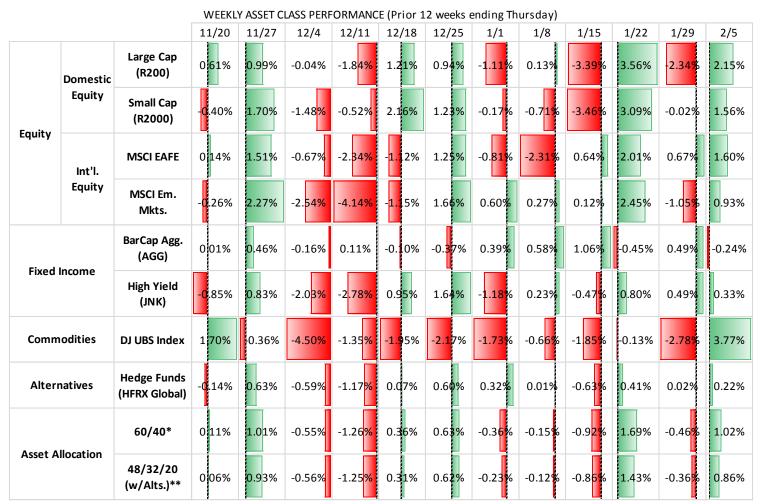
PORTFOLIO CONSTRUCTION (cont'd.)











Source: Bloomberg; *60/40 portfolio = 30% Large Cap/10% Small Cap/15% EAFE/5% Emerging Markets/35% BarCap Agg./5% High Yield.

^{**48/32/20} portfolio = 24% Large Cap/8% Small Cap/12% EAFE/4% Emerging Markets/28% BarCap Agg./4% High Yield/20% HFRX Global Index.

	Large Cap	Large Cap	Large Cap	Mid Cap	Mid Cap	Mid Cap	Small Cap	Small Cap	Small Cap	Int'l.	Emerging				
	Core	Growth	Value	Core	Growth	Value	Core	Growth	Value	Developed	Markets	REITs	Comm.	Int. Bond	High Yield
Large Cap Core	1.00	0.96	1.04	0.94	0.95	0.94	0.97	0.95	0.98	0.95	1.01	0.82	1.28	0.93	1.04
Large Cap Growth	1.04	1.00	1.09	0.99	0.99	0.98	1.01	1.00	1.03	1.00	1.05	0.86	1.33	0.97	1.09
Large Cap Value	0.96	0.92	1.00	0.91	0.91	0.90	0.93	0.92	0.94	0.91	0.97	0.79	1.23	0.89	1.00
Mid Cap Core	1.06	1.01	1.10	1.00	1.01	0.99	1.02	1.01	1.04	1.01	1.07	0.87	1.35	0.98	1.10
Mid Cap Growth	1.05	1.01	1.10	0.99	1.00	0.99	1.02	1.00	1.03	1.00	1.06	0.87	1.34	0.97	1.09
Mid Cap Value	1.07	1.02	1.11	1.01	1.01	1.00	1.03	1.02	1.05	1.02	1.07	0.88	1.36	0.99	1.11
Small Cap Core	1.03	0.99	1.08	0.98	0.98	0.97	1.00	0.99	1.02	0.99	1.04	0.85	1.32	0.96	1.08
Small Cap Growth	1.05	1.00	1.09	0.99	1.00	0.98	1.01	1.00	1.03	1.00	1.06	0.86	1.34	0.97	1.09
Small Cap Value	1.02	0.98	1.06	0.96	0.97	0.96	0.98	0.97	1.00	0.97	1.03	0.84	1.30	0.94	1.06
Int'l. Developed	1.05	1.01	1.09	0.99	1.00	0.98	1.01	1.00	1.03	1.00	1.06	0.87	1.34	0.97	1.09
Emerging Markets	0.99	0.95	1.03	0.94	0.94	0.93	0.96	0.95	0.97	0.95	1.00	0.82	1.27	0.92	1.03
REITs	1.21	1.16	1.26	1.15	1.15	1.14	1.17	1.16	1.19	1.16	1.22	1.00	1.55	1.12	1.26
Commodities	0.78	0.75	0.82	0.74	0.74	0.73	0.76	0.75	0.77	0.75	0.79	0.65	1.00	0.72	0.81
Int. Bond	1.08	1.03	1.12	1.02	1.03	1.01	1.04	1.03	1.06	1.03	1.09	0.89	1.38	1.00	1.12
High Yield	0.96	0.92	1.00	0.91	0.91	0.90	0.93	0.92	0.94	0.92	0.97	0.79	1.23	0.89	1.00

Source: Bloomberg

The Relative Strength Matrix provides an indication of how the various asset classes have performed relative to one another over the past 30 days. A number greater than 1.0 indicates that the asset class in the far left column has outperformed the corresponding asset class in the top row over the past 30 days. A number below 1.0 means the asset class on the left has underperformed the asset class at the top. The green shading indicates outperformance, and the red shading indicates underperformance.

INDEX OVERVIEW

The S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged index comprised of 500 widely held securities considered to be representative of the stock market in general. The S&P/Case-Shiller Home Price Indices measure the residential housing market, tracking changes in the value of the residential real estate market in 20 metropolitan regions across the United States. The Nasdaq Composite is a stock market index of the common stocks and similar securities listed on the NASDAQ stock market. The MSCI EAFE Index represents 21 developed markets outside of North America. The MSCI EAFE Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of growth stocks of Europe, Australasia and the Far East. The MSCI EAFE Value Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of value stocks of Europe, Australasia and the Far East. The MSCI Emerging Markets Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure equity market performance in the global emerging markets. The MSCI Europe Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of stocks of developed European countries. The MSCI Pacific Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of the developed markets in the Pacific region. The Barclays US Credit Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of publicly issued, SEC-registered US corporate and specified foreign debentures and secured notes. The Barclays US Aggregate Bond Index is a market capitalization-weighted index of investment-grade, fixed-rate debt issues, including government, corporate, asset-backed, and mortgage-backed securities, with maturities of at least one year. The Barclays US Corporate High Yield Index covers the USD-denominated, non-investment grade, fixed-rate, taxable corporate bond market. Securities are classified as high-yield if the middle rating of Moody's, Fitch and S&P is Ba1/BB+/BB+ or below. The index may include emerging market debt. The Barclays Capital Municipal Bond Index is an unmanaged index comprised of investment-grade, fixed-rate municipal securities representative of the tax-exempt bond market in general. The Barclays US Treasury Total Return Index is an unmanaged index of public obligations of the US Treasury with a remaining maturity of one year or more. The Citigroup World Government Bond Index is a market capitalization weighted bond index consisting of the government bond markets of Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Malaysia, Mexico, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Singapore, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Kingdom and the United States. The DJ-UBS Commodity Index Total ReturnSM measures the collateralized returns from a basket of 19 commodity futures contracts representing the energy, precious metals, industrial metals, grains, softs and livestock sectors. The Russell 1000 Index is a market capitalization-weighted benchmark index made up of the 1000 largest U.S. companies in the Russell 3000 Index. The Russell 1000 Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of large-cap growth stocks. The Russell 1000 Value Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of large-cap value stocks. The Russell 2000 Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of small-cap stocks. The Russell 2000 Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of small-cap growth stocks. The Russell 2000 Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of small-cap value stocks. The Russell 3000 Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of the US stock market. The Russell Midcap Index is a subset of the Russell 1000 Index. It includes approximately 800 of the smallest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership. The Russell Midcap Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of mid-cap growth stocks. The Russell Midcap Value Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of mid-cap value stocks. The HFRX Indices are a series of benchmarks of hedge fund industry performance which are engineered to achieve representative performance of a larger universe of hedge fund strategies. Hedge Fund Research, Inc. employs the HFRX Methodology (UCITS compliant), a proprietary and highly quantitative process by which hedge funds are selected as constituents for the HFRX Indices. The ISM Non-Manufacturing Index is an index based on surveys of more than 400 nonmanufacturing firms' purchasing and supply executives, within 60 sectors across the nation, by the Institute of Supply Management (ISM). The ISM Non-Manufacturing Index tracks economic data, like the ISM Non-Manufacturing Business Activity Index. A composite diffusion index is created based on the data from these surveys that monitors economic conditions of the nation. The ISM Manufacturing Index is an index based on surveys of more than 300 manufacturing firms by the Institute of Supply Management. The ISM Manufacturing Index monitors employment, production inventories, new orders and supplier deliveries. A composite diffusion index is created that monitors conditions in national manufacturing based on the data from these surveys. The Consumer Price Index (CPI) measures the change in the cost of a fixed basket of products and services. The Gross Domestic Product (GDP) rate is a measurement of the output of goods and services produced by labor and property located in the United States. Basis Point(s) is a unit that is equal to 1/100th of 1%, and is used to denote the change in a financial instrument. The basis point is commonly used for calculating changes in interest rates, equity indexes and the yield of a fixed-income security. The CBOE Volatility Index (VIX) is an up-to-the-minute market estimate of expected volatility that is calculated by using real-time S&P 500 Index option bid/ask quotes. The Index uses nearby and second nearby options with at least 8 days left to expiration and then weights them to yield a constant, 30-day measure of the expected volatility of the S&P 500 Index. The MSCI World ex-U.S. Index captures large and mid-cap representation across 22 of 23 Developed Markets DM countries*--excluding the United States. With 1,002 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in each country. (* DM countries include: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Hong Kong, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Singapore, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the UK.) The MSCI Japan Index - is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid-cap segments of the Japanese market. With 320 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in Japan. The Barclays Global Aggregate ex-U.S. Index - is a market capitalization-weighted index, meaning the securities in the index are weighted according to the market size of each bond type. Most U.S. traded investment grade bonds are represented. Municipal bonds, and Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities are excluded, due to tax treatment issues. The index includes Treasury securities, Government agency bonds, Mortgage-backed bonds, Corporate bonds, and a small amount of foreign bonds traded in U.S. The University of Michigan Consumer Sentiment Index (MCSI) is a survey of consumer confidence conducted by the University of Michigan. The Michigan Consumer Sentiment Index (MCSI) uses telephone surveys to gather information on consumer expectations regarding the overall economy. A separately managed account (SMA) is an individual managed investment account offered typically by a brokerage firm through one of their brokers or financial consultants and managed by independent investment management firms (often called money managers for short) and have varying fee structures. An open-end index fund continuously issues and redeems shares based on investor demand. As an index fund, its investment objective is to duplicate the performance of the index it uses as a benchmark. The MSCI EM (Emerging Markets) Latin America Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of emerging markets in Latin America. The Barclays U.S. 5-10 Year Corporate Bond Index measures the investment return of U.S. dollar denominated, investment-grade, fixed rate, taxable securities issued by industrial, utility, and financial companies with maturities between 5 and 10 years. Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index is weighted according to market capitalization, which means the securities represented in the index are weighted according to the market size of the bond category. Treasury securities, mortgage-backed securities (MBS) foreign bonds, government agency bonds and corporate bonds are some of the categories included in the index. Barclays U.S Corporate High-Yield Index is composed of fixed-rate, publicly issued, non-investment grade debt. Barclays U.S. Corporate 5-10 Year Index includes U.S. dollar-denominated, investment-grade, fixed-rate, taxable securities issued by industrial, utility, and financial companies, with maturities between 5 and 10 years.

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